

CHAPTER IV CONCLUSION AND SUGGESTION

4.1. Conclusion

This study discusses the types and the meaning of metaphor in the headlines of the Jakarta Post. The data were collected from January to March. There are twenty-three data that contain metaphors. The data taken is limited again by only taking headline news that discusses COVID-19. The data is then analyzed to see the types of metaphors found in the Jakarta Post headlines and the meaning of metaphors contained in the sentences used by the authors in the Jakarta Post headlines.

The research finding shows that from the twelve headlines collected, twenty-three sentences containing metaphors were found. The first data includes two sentences containing metaphors, which consist of structural and ontological metaphors. There are two sentences containing metaphor in the second data, consisting of one sentence categorized as ontological and one sentence as orientational. In the third data, three sentences contain structural metaphors. The fourth data found only one sentence that included a structural metaphor. In the fifth data, two sentences containing metaphors were found, categorized into ontological and orientational metaphors. The sixth data found three sentences containing metaphors, two sentences categorized as ontological and one grouped as structural. In the seventh data, there is one sentence containing a metaphor categorized as an orientational metaphor. The eighth data includes two sentences containing metaphors which are classified as structural and ontological types of metaphors.

The ninth data found two sentences containing metaphors, namely ontological and structural. In the tenth data, there is one sentence that contains a metaphor, namely the structural type. The eleventh data contains two sentences that contain a kind of structural and ontological metaphor. The last data also includes one sentence that contains structural metaphors. Meanwhile, there are eleven data from a total of twenty three data that are not found in any kind of metaphor.

In conclusion, the most dominant types of metaphor is structural metaphor found in headline news are eleven sentences. Then the second most common type of metaphor is found in the ontological metaphor type found in nine sentences. Meanwhile, in the orientational metaphor, three sentences were found: the least common types of metaphor.

4.2. Suggestion

This research formulates several suggestions for students, as well as readers and future researchers who will conduct research related to analytical metaphors as follows:

1. For linguistics students

This research suggest studying metaphors more in-depth. Thus, it is interesting to learn because we can find out the type of metaphor an article uses, especially in news writing. This analysis shows how the author places the right choice of words for the reader. Hence, this study can also increase knowledge about the use of language variation on metaphor analysis.

2. For other researchers

Hopefully, the next researcher can be more creative and more critical in analyzing metaphors in an article. Furthermore, it will be even more interesting if the next researcher uses metaphor analysis on song lyrics, films, short stories.

This study can also be a reference for the next researcher interested in discussing the analysis of metaphor.



