

**HUBUNGAN PENGETAHUAN, SIKAP, DAN PERSEPSI
KETERSEDIAAN SARANA DENGAN PERILAKU
PERSONAL HYGIENE MASYARAKAT SAAT
PANDEMI COVID-19 DI KOTA SOLOK**

TAHUN 2021



**FAKULTAS KESEHATAN MASYARAKAT
UNIVERSITAS ANDALAS
PADANG, 2021**

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INTAN HASRI YONA, No.BP. 1711211036**

**HUBUNGAN PENGETAHUAN, SIKAP DAN PERSEPSI KETERSEDIAAN SARANA
DENGAN PERILAKU *PERSONAL HYGIENE* MASYARAKAT SAAT PANDEMI
COVID-19 DI KOTA SOLOK TAHUN 2021**

xii+107 halaman, 21 tabel, 3 gambar, 6 lampiran

ABSTRAK

Tujuan Penelitian

Pada Maret 2021, Sumatera Barat menduduki posisi ke-11 yang memiliki jumlah kasus COVID-19 terbanyak. Penerapan *personal hygiene* baik merupakan salah satu pencegahan COVID-19 yang berkaitan dengan perilaku masyarakat. Tujuan penelitian untuk mengetahui hubungan pengetahuan, sikap dan persepsi ketersediaan sarana dengan perilaku *personal hygiene* masyarakat saat pandemi COVID-19 di Kota Solok.

Metode

Penelitian merupakan penelitian kuantitatif dengan desain *cross sectional*. Populasi penelitian adalah masyarakat Kota Solok. Pengambilan sampel menggunakan teknik *proportionate sampling* sebanyak 89 responden. Variabel penelitian adalah perilaku, pengetahuan, sikap, persepsi ketersediaan sarana tentang *personal hygiene*. Pengolahan data menggunakan analisis univariat dan bivariat.

Hasil

Masyarakat Kota Solok memiliki perilaku *personal hygiene* kurang (64%), pengetahuan tinggi (74,2%), sikap negatif (70,8%), dan persepsi ketersediaan sarana yang buruk (66,3%). Hasil uji statistik didapatkan hubungan antara pengetahuan ($p=0,006$), sikap ($p=0,000$), dan persepsi ketersediaan sarana ($p=0,000$) dengan perilaku *personal hygiene*.

Kesimpulan

Adanya hubungan pengetahuan, sikap dan persepsi ketersediaan sarana dengan perilaku *personal hygiene* masyarakat saat pandemi COVID-19 di Kota Solok. Diharapkan bagi masyarakat untuk meningkatkan pengetahuan dan memiliki kesadaran yang tinggi terkait *personal hygiene*. Pemerintah diharapkan bekerja sama dengan tokoh-tokoh masyarakat memberikan edukasi terkait pentingnya *personal hygiene*.

Daftar Pustaka : 91 (2003-2021)

Kata Kunci : COVID-19, Perilaku *Personal Hygiene*, Pengetahuan, Sikap, Persepsi

**FACULTY OF PUBLIC HEALTH
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THE RELATIONSHIP OF KNOWLEDGE, ATTITUDE, AND PERCEPTION OF AVAILABILITY OF FACILITIES WITH PUBLIC PERSONAL HYGIENE BEHAVIOR DURING COVID-19 PANDEMIC AT SOLOK CITY IN 2021

xii+107 pages, 21 tables, 3 pictures, 6 appendices

ABSTRACT

Objective

In March 2021, West Sumatra was in the 11th position with the highest number of COVID-19 cases. The application of good personal hygiene is one of the efforts to prevent COVID-19 is related to public behavior. This study aims to determine the relationship of knowledge, attitude, and perception of availability of facilities with public personal hygiene behavior during the COVID-19 pandemic at Solok City in 2021.

Method

This study used a quantitative method with a cross-sectional study design. The research population is the people in Solok City. Sampling using proportionate sampling technique with 89 people. Variables used were behavior, knowledge, attitude, and perception of availability of facilities about personal hygiene. Data processing used univariate analysis and bivariate analysis.

Result

People in Solok City had poor personal hygiene behavior (64%), high knowledge (74,2%), negative attitudes (70,8%), and poor perceptions of the availability of facilities (66,3%) about personal hygiene. The result found the relationship between knowledge ($p=0,006$), attitudes ($p=0,000$), and perception of availability of facilities ($p=0,000$) with public personal hygiene behavior.

Conclusion

There is a relationship between knowledge, attitude, and perception of availability of facilities with public personal hygiene behavior during the COVID-19 pandemic at Solok City in 2021. It is hoped that the public will increase their knowledge and having a high awareness of personal hygiene. The government is expected to cooperate with public leaders to provide education regarding the importance of personal hygiene in the public.

References

: 91 (2003-2021)

Keywords

: COVID-19, Personal Hygiene Behavior, Knowledge, Attitude, Perception