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**UNIVERSITAS ANDALAS**  
**PADANG, 2021**

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UNIVERSITAS ANDALAS**

**Skripsi, Agustus 2021**

**AVELINI SUCI ANUGRAH, No. Bp. 1611216014**

**DETERMINAN KUNJUNGAN ANTENATAL CARE (ANC) PADA IBU HAMIL  
DI WILAYAH KERJA PUSKESMAS SEBERANG PADANG TAHUN 2021**

xi + 93 halaman, 30 tabel, 2 gambar, 11 lampiran

**ABSTRAK**

**Tujuan**

Kunjungan *Antenatal care* pada ibu hamil di wilayah kerja Puskesmas Seberang Padang masih dibawah target SPM 100% yaitu 92,31% (2017), 70,99% (2018), 78,3% (2019), dan 73,8% (2020). Tujuan penelitian untuk mengetahui determinan kunjungan *Antenatal care* pada ibu hamil di wilayah kerja Puskesmas Seberang Padang.

**Metode**

Metode penelitian kuantitatif dengan desain cross sectional dengan variabel dependen ialah kunjungan ANC dan variabel independen ialah pengetahuan, paritas, umur, pendidikan, dukungan keluarga, sikap petugas, dan ketersediaan pelayanan.

**Hasil**

Penelitian menunjukkan bahwa kunjungan ANC tidak lengkap 41,3%, pengetahuan rendah 34,8%, adanya paritas 52,2%, umur berisiko 15,2%, tingkat pendidikan rendah 41,3%, dukungan keluarga tidak baik 56,5%, sikap petugas tidak baik 39,1%, ketersediaan pelayanan tidak lengkap 8,7%. Terdapat hubungan signifikan antara tingkat pengetahuan ( $p=0,002$ ) dan dukungan keluarga ( $p=0,023$ ) dengan kunjungan ANC. Terdapat hubungan tidak signifikan antara paritas ( $p\text{-value} = 0,370$ ), tingkat umur ( $p= 0,424$ ), tingkat pendidikan ( $p\text{-value} = 0,692$ ), sikap petugas ( $p= 0,060$ ), dan ketersediaan pelayanan ( $p= 0,368$ ) dengan kunjungan ANC.

**Kesimpulan**

Kurang dari separuh ibu hamil tidak melakukan kunjungan, tingkat pengetahuan kurang, umur berisiko, tingkat pendidikan rendah, sikap petugas kesehatan tidak baik, dan kurangnya ketersediaan pelayanan, lebih dari separuh ada paritas dan dukungan keluarga tidak baik. Diharapkan petugas kesehatan melakukan promosi kesehatan kepada ibu hamil.

**Daftar Pustaka : 40 (2002-2020)**

**Kata Kunci : Kunjungan Antenatal Care, ibu hamil, determinan**

**FACULTY OF PUBLIC HEALTH  
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**Undergraduate Thesis, August 2021**

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**DETERMINANTS OF PREGNANT WOMEN WHO VISIT'S ANTENATAL CARE (ANC) IN THE WORKING AREA OF THE SEBERANG PADANG PUBLIC HEALTH CENTER IN 2021**

xi + 93 pages, 30 tables, 2 pictures, 11 appendices

**ABSTRACT**

**Objective**

Pregnant women who visit's antenatal care in the working area of the Seberang Padang PHC are still below the 100% SPM target, that is 92.31% (2017), 70.99% (2018), 78.3% (2019), and 73.8% (2020). The purpose of the research was determinants of Pregnant women who visit's antenatal care in the working area of the Seberang Padang PHC.

**Method**

The quantitative research method with a cross sectional design the dependent variable is ANC visits and the independent variables are knowledge, parity, age, education, family support, worker's attitude, and service availability.

**Results**

The results showed that visits were not complete 41.3%, knowledge was low 34.8%, parity was 52.2%, age at risk was 15.2%, low education 41.3%, family support was bad 56.5%, worker's attitude was bad 39.1%, the availability of incomplete services is 8.7%. There was a significant between knowledge( $p=0.002$ ) and family support( $p=0.023$ ) with visit's ANC. There was a non-significant between parity( $p=0.370$ ), age( $p=0.424$ ), education( $p=0.692$ ), attitude of workers( $p=0.060$ ), service availability( $p=0.368$ ) with visit's ANC.

**Conclusion**

Less than half of pregnant women didn't visit ANC, lack of knowledge, risk age, low education, worker's attitude, and service availability, more than half of had parity and family support. the health workers to promotion to pregnant women.

**References : 40 (2002-2020)**

**Keywords : Visit's Antenatal Care, pregnant women, determinants**