## **CHAPTER IV**

## **CONCLUSION AND SUGGESTION**

## 4.1 Conclusion

Throughout this data analysis, this research is about to find out the acquisition of voicing contrasts made by the third graders at the State Senior High School 1 Pasaman. The informants consist of 10 students who categories as 5 female and 5 male. The data are collected when the school time was finished in a quiet room. The researcher asking students to read some sentences that has been limited in *labio dental* [v], [f], [ð], [ $\theta$ ], *Alveolar* [z], [s], *palato alveolar* [3], [ʃ], and *vowel* [æ], [ɛ], [i:], [ɪ], [u:], [ʊ].

The writer found that the participants tent to commit two types of error; they are *misinformation* and *omission error*. *Misinformation* occurred when participants substituted one phoneme with another phoneme like [ $\int$ ] with [3], [ $\int$ ] and [3] with [s],[v] with [f], [ $\delta$ ] with [ $\theta$ ], [z] with [s], vowel [a] with [ $\epsilon$ ], [i:] with [1], [u:] with [v]. Second is *omission* error in which participant deleted an item or more that should be appearing in word.

Besides, the researcher also found out the cause of error related to the data. They are *interference, intralingual*, and *developmental error*. Based on the interviewed these cause of error occurred because of the lack of English learning and limited experiences in English pronunciation skill in their School.

## 4.2 Recommendation

From the result, the researcher shows that the third graders at the State Senior High School 1 Pasaman made error pronouncing in minimal pair words consists of English consonant and vowel sounds. The researcher would give some suggestion for students and next researcher.

1. Students

The student especially the third graders at State Senior High School 1 Pasaman must be aware of their English skill. They must improve their skill in pronunciation such as watching English conversation in television or YouTube or listening English music, etc. The pronunciation is important because pronunciation can change the meaning or word.

2. Next researcher

The writer suggests the next researcher conduct the research on voicing contrast by analyzing the data by looking for the frequency or pitch while still using software *Praat*.