

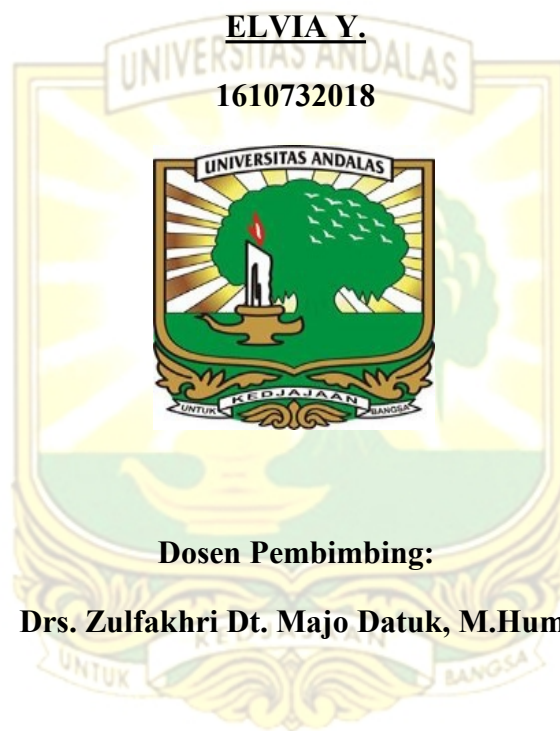
THE ACQUISITION OF VOICING CONTRASTS BY THE THIRD GRADERS AT THE STATE SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL 1 PASAMAN

A Thesis

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for the Degree of Sarjana Humaniora*

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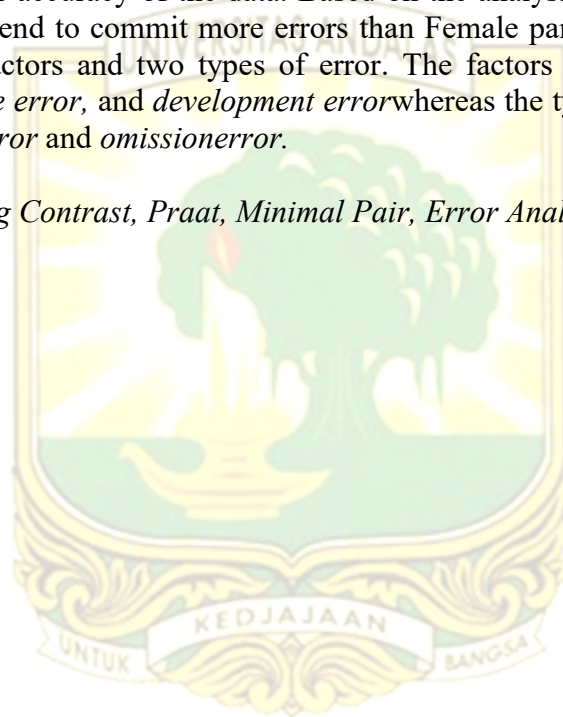
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ABSTRACT

This research focuses on voicing contrast made by the third graders at the State Senior High School 1 Pasaman. This research aims to analyse the way how the students produce the voicing contrasts and identify the cause of error. To analyze the data, the writer chose minimal pair words consisting of English consonant and vowel sounds. The writer used Convenience Sampling method where the subject of research consisted of 10 participants. In analysing data some theory were used: Susan & Gas (1994) *Second Language Acquisition*, Katamba (1998) *Phonology*, Selinker (2008) *Interlanguage Phonology and Contrastive Analysis*, Harlig and Sprouse (2008) *Language Transfer*, Krashen (2009) *Hypotheses about second language acquisition*, Eckman (1993) *Markedness Theory*, Ellis (2008) *Error analysis*. In analyzing the data, the researcher used software *Praat* for accuracy of the data. Based on the analysis, it was shown that Male participant tend to commit more errors than Female participants. The error is due to three factors and two types of error. The factors namely *Intralingual error*, *interference error*, and *development error* whereas the types of error namely *misinformation error* and *omission error*.

Key word: *Voicing Contrast, Praat, Minimal Pair, Error Analysis.*



ABSTRAK

Skripsi ini membahas tentang kontras suara yang dilakukan oleh Siswa kelas 3 di Sekolah Menengah Atas (SMA) N 1 Pasaman. Tujuan penelitian adalah untuk menganalisa proses kontras suara and mengidentifikasi sebab error. Untuk analisa data, penulis memilih kata pasangan minimal yang terjadi dalam bunyi konsonan dan vowel. Peneliti menggunakan metode *Convenience Sampling* yang mana pesertanya terdiri dari 10 orang. Penelitian ini menggunakan beberapa teori diantaranya: Susan & Gas (1994) *Second Language Acquisition*, Katamba (1998) *Phonology*, Selinker (2008) *Interlanguage Phonology and Contrastive Analysis*, Harlig and Sprouse (2008) *Language Transfer*, Krashen (2009) *Hypotheses about second language acquisition*, Eckman (1993) *Markedness Theory*, Ellis (2008) *Error analysis*. Penelitian ini menggunakan perangkat lunak *Praat* sebagai alat penunjang. Berdasarkan analisis, terlihat bahwa peserta pria lebih banyak membuat kesalahan tutur dibandingkan peserta wanita. Kesalahan tutur disebabkan oleh tiga factor dan dua tipe. Faktornya yaitu *Intralingual*, *Interference*, dan *development errors* sedangkan tipenya yaitu *misinformation error* dan *omission error*.

Kata kunci: *Voicing Contrast, Praat, Minimal Pair, Analisa Error.*

