



UNIVERSITAS ANDALAS

**HUBUNGAN PAPARAN MEDIA PORNOGRAFI DENGAN
PERILAKU SEKSUAL PRANIKAH REMAJA DI SMA X
KOTA JAKARTA TAHUN 2021**

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**FAKULTAS KESEHATAN MASYARAKAT
UNIVERSITAS ANDALAS
PADANG, 2021**

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xi + 123 halaman, 35 tabel, 2 gambar, 8 lampiran

ABSTRAK

Tujuan

SDKI 2012 menyatakan 4,68% remaja di Jakarta telah melakukan hubungan seksual. Pada tahun 2018 sebanyak 98% remaja di Jakarta dan pandegelang terpapar pornografi. Tujuan dari penelitian ini adalah mengetahui hubungan paparan media pornografi dengan perilaku seksual pranikah remaja.

Metode

Jenis penelitian Kuantitatif dengan desain *Cross Sectional Study*. Jumlah sampel 86 orang. Teknik pengambilan sampel *Propotionate Stratified Random Sampling*. Data dikumpulkan dengan kuesioner dan dianalisis dengan univariat, bivariat, multivariat.

Hasil

Hasil penelitian ditemukan 54,7% siswa berperilaku seksual berisiko, 89,5% terpapar pornografi. Hasil uji *chi-square* diperoleh ada hubungan antara paparan pornografi, sikap, religiusitas, peran orang tua dan peran teman sebaya dengan perilaku seksual pranikah remaja. Sikap dan peran teman sebaya merupakan variabel *confounding*.

Kesimpulan

Paparan pornografi, sikap, religiusitas, peran orangtua, peran teman sebaya memiliki hubungan yang signifikan dengan perilaku seksual. Sikap dan peran teman sebaya adalah variabel *confounding*. Diharapkan remaja lebih memilih teman lagi yang membawa kearah positif dan sekolah serta orangtua dapat menanamkan pemahaman mengenai perilaku seksual remaja.

Daftar Pustaka :63 (2004-2020)

Kata Kunci : Paparan Media Pornografi, Perilaku Seksual, Sikap, Peran teman sebaya

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**RELATIONSHIP OF PORNOGRAPHIC MEDIA EXPOSURE WITH
ADOLESCENT FEMALE SEXUAL BEHAVIOR IN SMA X JAKARTA IN
2021**

xi + 123 pages, 35 tables, 2 pictures, 8 appendix

ABSTRACT

Objective

The 2012 IDHS stated that 4.68% of adolescents in Jakarta had sexual intercourse. In 2018, 98% of teenagers in Jakarta and Pandeglang were exposed to pornography. The purpose of the study was to determine the relationship between exposure to pornographic media and adolescent premarital sexual behavior.

Method

This type of research is quantitative with a cross sectional study design. the sample is 86 people. The sampling technique is Propotionate Stratified Random Sampling. Data were collected by questionnaire and analyzed by univariate, bivariate, multivariate.

Result

The results of the study found 54.7% of students had risky sexual behavior, 89.5% were exposed to pornography. Chi-square test found a relationship between pornography exposure, attitudes, religiosity, the role of parents and the role of peers with adolescent premarital sexual behavior. Peer attitudes and roles are confounding variables.

Conclusion

Exposure to pornography, attitudes, religiosity, the role of parents, the role of peers have a significant relationship with sexual behavior. attitude and the role of peers is a confounding variable. It is expected that teenagers will prefer more friends who lead to a positive direction and schools and parents can instill an understanding of adolescent sexual behavior.

References : 63 (2004-2020)

Keywords : Exposure to Pornography Media, Sexual Behavior, Attitudes, Role of Peers