

**PENGARUH PERBEDAAN SUHU DEHIDRASI NATRIUM  
SILIKAT DARI ABU SEKAM PADI TERHADAP  
KARAKTERISTIK SILIKA GEL**

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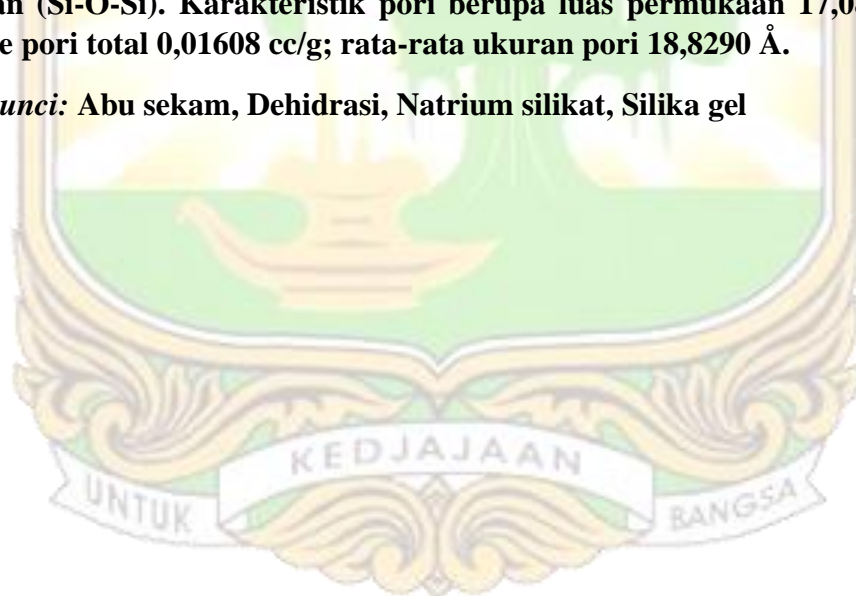
# **PENGARUH PERBEDAAN SUHU DEHIDRASI NATRIUM SILIKAT DARI ABU SEKAM PADI TERHADAP KARAKTERISTIK SILIKA GEL**

**Isa Istiqomah, Anwar Kasim, Novelina**

## **ABSTRAK**

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui Pengaruh Perbedaan Suhu Dehidrasi Natrium Silikat dari Abu Sekam Padi Terhadap Karakteristik Silika Gel. Penelitian ini menggunakan Rancangan Acak Lengkap (RAL) dengan 5 perlakuan yaitu proses dehidrasi natrium silikat dengan variasi suhu 60<sup>0</sup>C, 65<sup>0</sup>C, 70<sup>0</sup>C, 75<sup>0</sup>C, 80<sup>0</sup>C. Data penelitian dianalisis menggunakan ANOVA dan jika berbeda nyata dilanjutkan dengan Duncan's New Multiple Range Test (DNMRT) pada taraf 5%. Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa perlakuan memberikan pengaruh nyata terhadap daya serap air silika gel yang dihasilkan. Perlakuan terbaik berdasarkan analisa daya serap air yaitu perlakuan A (suhu dehidrasi 60<sup>0</sup>C) dengan nilai rata-rata daya serap air pada 1 jam 1,33%; daya serap air pada 12 jam 6,48%; daya serap air pada 24 jam 10,90%. Silika gel tersebut memiliki gugus silanol (Si-OH) dan gugus siloksan (Si-O-Si). Karakteristik pori berupa luas permukaan 17,080 m<sup>2</sup>/g; volume pori total 0,01608 cc/g; rata-rata ukuran pori 18,8290 Å.

***Kata kunci:*** Abu sekam, Dehidrasi, Natrium silikat, Silika gel



# *The Effect Of Sodium Silicate Dehydration Temperature Difference from Risk Husk Ash on Silica Gel Characteristics*

Isa Istiqomah, Anwar Kasim, Novelina

## ABSTRACT

This study aims to determine the effect of differences in temperature of sodium silicate dehydration from rice husk ash on the characteristics of silica gel. This study used a completely randomized design (CRD) with 5 treatments, the dehydration process of sodium silicate with temperature variations of 60<sup>0</sup>C, 65<sup>0</sup>C, 70<sup>0</sup>C, 75<sup>0</sup>C, 80<sup>0</sup>C. The research data were analyzed using ANOVA and if it had a real effect, then continued with Duncan's New Multiple Range Test (DNMRT) at the 5% level. The results showed that the treatment had a significant effect on the water absorption of the silica gel produced. The best treatment based on the analysis of absorption capacity was dehydration temperature of 60<sup>0</sup>C with an average value of 1 hour water absorption 1.33%; water absorption 12 hours 6.48%; water absorption 24 hours 10.90%. Silica gel has a silanol group (Si-OH) and a siloxane group (Si-O-Si). The pore characteristics include a surface area of 17,080 m<sup>2</sup> / g; total pore volume 0,01608 cc / g; the mean pore size was 18,8290 Å.

**Key words:** husk ash, dehydration, sodium silicate, silica gel

