

DAFTAR PUSTAKA

- Akthar, M.S., and Siddiqui, Z.A. 2008. Arbuscular mycorrhizal fungi as potential bioprotectants against plant pathogens. In Mycorrhizae : Sustainable agriculture and forestry, Siddiqui, Z.A., Akthar, M.S., dan Futai, K. Springer Netherlands, Dordrecht, The Netherlands, pp : 61 – 97.
- Anggreiny, Y., Nazip, K., dan Santri, D.J. 2017. Identifikasi Fungi Mikoriza Arbuskula (FMA) pada rhizosfir tanaman di kawasan revegetasi lahan penambangan timah di Kecamatan Merawang Kabupaten Bangka dan sumbangannya pada pembelajaran Biologi SMA . Prosiding Seminar Nasional Pendidikan IPA 2017. 391 - 403.
- Auge, R.M. 2001. Water relations, drought and Vesicular-Arbuscular Mycorrhizal symbiosis. Springer-Verlag.11 : 3 – 42.
- Azcon-Aguilar, C., and Barea, J.M. 1996. Arbuscular mycorrhizas and biological control of soil-borne plant pathogens – an overview of the mechanisms involved. Springer-Verlag. 6 : 457 – 464.
- Azcon-Aguilar, C., Jaizme-Vega, M.C., and Calvet, C. 2002. The contribution of arbuscular mycorrhizal fungi to the control of soil-borne plant pathogens. Mycorrhizal Technology in Agriculture ed. by S. Gianinazzi, H. Schuepp, J.M. Barea and K. Haselwandter. 187 - 197
- Barea, J.M., Andrade, G., Bianciotto, V., Dowling, D., Lohrke, S., Bonfante, P., O'Gara, F., and Azcon-Aguilar, C.1998. Impact on arbuscular mycorrhiza formation of pseudomonas strains used as inoculants for biocontrol of soil-borne fungal plant pathogens. Appleid and Environmental Microbiology. 64 (6) : 2304 - 2307.
- BPS [Badan Pusat Statistik]. 2018. Statistik Indonesia : statistical yearbook of Indonesia 2018. Jakarta : Badan Pusat Statistik.
- Brundrett, M., Bouger, N., Dell, B., Grove, T., and Malajczuk, N. 1996. Working with mycorrhizas in forestry and agriculture. Australian Centre for International Agricultural Research. Canberra.
- Brundrett, M. 2004. Diversity and classification of mycorrhizal associations. Biological Review. 79 : 73–495.
- Cavagnaro, T.R., Smith, F.A., Ayling, S.M., and Smith, S.E. 2003. Growth and phosphorus nutrition of a paris-type arbuscular mycorrhizal symbiosis. New Phytologist. 157 : 127 - 134.
- Chen, H., Zhang, Z., Teng, K., Lai, J., Zhang, Y., Huang, Y., Li, Y., Liang, L., Wang, Y., Chu, C., Guo, H., and Xie, Q. 2010. Up-regulation of LSB1/GDU3 affects geminivirus infection by activating the salicylic acid pathway. The Plant Journal 62 : 12 – 23.

- Chet, I., Henis, Y., and Kislev, N. 1969. Ultrastructure of Sclerotia and hyphae of *Sclerotium rolfsii* Sacc. Journal of General Microbiology. 57 : 143 – 147.
- Davies Jr, F.T., Olalde-Portugal, V., Aguilera-Gomez, L., Alvarado, M.J., Ferrera-Cerrato, R.C., and Boutton, T.W. 2002. Alleviation of drought stress of chile ancho pepper (*Capsicum annuum* L. cv San Luis) with arbuscular mycorrhiza indigenous to Mexico. Scientia Horticulturae. 92 : 347 – 359.
- Delvian 2003. Keanekaragaman Cendawan Mikoriza Arbuskula (CMA) di hutan pantai dan potensi pemanfaatannya. Studi kasus di hutan cagar alam Leuweung Sancang Kabupaten Garut, Jawa Barat. [Disertasi]. Program Pascasarjana. Institut Pertanian Bogor. Bogor.
- Diouf, D., Diop, T.A., and Ndoye, I. 2003. Actinorhizal, mycorrhizal, and rhizobial symbioses : how much do we know ?. African Journal of Biotechnology 2 (1) : 1 – 7.
- Heijden, E.W. Van der. 2001. Differential benefits of arbuscular mycorrhizal and ectomycorrhizal infection of *Salix repens*. Springer-Verlag 10 : 185 – 193.
- INVAM. 2020. Classification of Glomeromycota. <http://fungi.invam.wvu.edu/the-fungi/classification.html>
- ITIS [Integrated Taxonomic Information System]. 2020. *Arachis hypogaea* L. Taxonomic Serial No.: 26463. https://www.itis.gov/servlet/SingleRpt/SingleRpt?search_topic=TSN&search_value=26463#null/
- Jung, S.C., Martinez-Medina, A., Lopez-Raez, J.A., and Pozo, M.J. 2012. Mycorrhiza – induced resistance and priming of plant defenses. J Chem Ecol 38 : 651 – 664.
- Kator, L., Hosea, Z.Y., and Oche, O.D. 2015. *Sclerotium rolfsii*; causative organism of southern blight, stem rot, white mold and sclerotia rot disease. Scholars Research Library. 6 (11) : 78 – 89.
- Le, C.N. 2011. Diversity and biological control of *Sclerotium rolfsii*, causal agent of stem rot of groundnut. [Disertasi]. Wageningen University. Netherlands.
- Le, C.N., Mendes, R., Kruijt, M. and Raaijmakers, J.M 2012. Genetic and phenotypic diversity of *Sclerotium rolfsii* in groundnut fields in central Vietnam. Plant Disease, 96 (3) : 389-397.
- Lizawati., Kartika, E., Alia, Y., dan Handayani, R. 2014. Pengaruh pemberian kombinasi isolat fungi mikoriza arbuskula terhadap pertumbuhan vegetatif tanaman jarak pagar (*Jatropha Curcas* L.) yang ditanam pada tanah bekas tambang batu bara. Biospecies. 7(1): 14-21.
- Malik, A. 2016. Ekonomi Kacang Tanah: Tinjauan keunggulan komparatif dan perspektif pengembangan. Jakarta : IAARD Press

- Malik, M., Hidayat, K.F., Yusnaini, S., dan Rini, M.V. 2017. Pengaruh aplikasi fungi mikoriza arbuskula dan pupuk kandang dengan berbagai dosis terhadap pertumbuhan dan produksi kedelai (*Glycine max* [L.] Merrill) pada ultisol. J. Agrotek Tropika. 5(2): 63 – 67.
- Manaroinsong, E dan Lolong, A.A. 2015. Identifikasi Cendawan Mikoriza arbuskular (CMA) pada beberapa tekstur tanah di lahan kelapa sawit di Kalimantan Tengah. B. Palma.16 (2) : 203- 210
- Marschener H. 1998. Role of root growth, arbuscular mycorrhiza, and root exudates for the efficiency in nutrient accuisition. Field Crops Research 56 : 203 - 207.
- Masria. 2015. Peranan Mikoriza Vesikular Arbuskular (MVA) untuk meningkatkan resistensi tanaman terhadap cekaman kekeringan dan ketersediaan P pada lahan kering. Jurnal Partner. 1 : 46-58.
- Mathimaran, N., Ruh, R.,Vullioud, P., Frossard, E., and Jansa, J. 2005. Glomus intraradices dominates arbuscular mycorrhizal communities in a heavy textured agricultural soil. Mycorrhiza. 16: 61–66.
- Munawara, W., dan Haryadi, N.T. 2020. Induksi ketahanan tanaman kedelai (*Glycine max* (L.) merril) dengan cendawan endofit *Trichoderma harzianum* dan *Beauveria bassiana* untuk menekan penyakit busuk pangkal batang (*Sclerotium rolfsii*). Jurnal Pengendalian Hayati. 3(1): 6-13
- Nusantara, A.D. 2011. Pengembangan dan pemanfaatan inokulan fungi mikoriza arbuskula berbasis bahan alami untuk produksi bibit jati (*Tectona grandis* L.f) [Disertasi]. Sekolah Pasca sarjana, Institut Pertanian Bogor.
- Nusantara, A.D., Bertham,Y.H., dan Mansur, I. 2015. Bekerja dengan fungi mikoriza arbuskula. Bogor : Seameo Biotrop.
- Ortas, I., and Rafique, M. 2017. The mechanisms of nutrient uptake by arbuscular mycorrhizae. In : Mycorrhiza – nutrient uptake, biocontrol, ecorestoration. Varma, A., Prasad, R., dan Tuteja, N. Fourth Edition. Switzerland : Springer International Publishing. pp : 1 – 19.
- Ozgonen, H., Akgul, D.S., and Erkilic, A. 2010. The effects of arbuscular mycorrhizal fungi on yield and stem rot caused by *Sclerotium rolfsii* Sacc in peanut. African Journal of Agricultural Research 5 (2) : 128 - 132.
- Pattimahu, D.V. 2004. Restorasi lahan kritis pasca tambang sesuai kaidah ekologi. Makalah Mata Kuliah Falsafah Sains. Sekolah Pasca Sarjana, IPB. Bogor.
- Peterson, R.L., Massicotte, H.B., and Melville, L.H. 2004. Mycorrhizas : anatomy and cell biology. CABI publishing. Canada.
- Pitojo, S. 2009. Benih kacang tanah cetakan ke 5. Kanisius. Yogyakarta.

- Pozo, M.J., Verhage, A., García-Andrade, J., García, J. M., and Azcón-Aguilar, C. 2009. Priming plant defence against pathogens by arbuscular mycorrhizal fungi. In Mycorrhizas - functional processes and ecological impact.. Springer-Verlag Berlin Heidelberg. pp. 123 – 135.
- Prasasti, O.H., Purwani, K.I., dan Nurhatika, S. 2013. Pengaruh mikoriza *Glomus fasciculatum* terhadap pertumbuhan vegetatif tanaman kacang tanah yang terinfeksi patogen *Sclerotium rolfsii*. Jurnal Sains dan Seni Pomits. 2 (2) : E-74 – E-78.
- Prawiradiputra, B.R., dan Lukiwati, D.R. 2014. Pemanfaatan sisa hasil dan hasil ikutan tanaman kacang-kacangan dan umbi-umbian untuk pakan ternak. Prosiding Seminar Hasil Penelitian Tanaman Aneka Kacang dan Umbi. Hal 899 – 907.
- Punja, Z.K. 1985. The Biology, Ecology, and Control of *Sclerotium rolfsii*. Ann. Rev. Phytopathol. 23 : 97 – 127.
- Punja, Z.K., and Utkhede, R.S. 2003. Using fungi and yeasts to manage vegetable crop diseases. TRENDS in Biotechnology. 21 (9) : 400 - 407
- Rahman, M., Ali, M.E., Islam, M.N., and Bhuiyan, M.A.H. 2017. Combined effect of Arbuscular Mycorrhiza, *Rhizobium* and *Sclerotium rolfsii* on grass pea (*Lathyrus sativus*). The Agriculturists 15(1):143-155.
- Rahmianna, A.A., Herdina, P., dan Didik, H. 2015. Budidaya kacang tanah. Balai Penelitian Tanaman Aneka Kacang dan Umbi Malang. Monografi Balitkabi.13 : 133 – 169
- Rajimi, S.L., Margarettha., dan Refliaty. 2018. peningkatan ketersediaan P ultisol dengan pemberian Fungi Mikoriza Arbuskular. J. Agroecotania. 1(2) : 42-48.
- Redecker, D., Schüßler, A., Stockinger, H., Stürmer, S.L., Morton, J.B., and Walker, C. 2013. An evidence-based consensus for the classification of arbuscular mycorrhizal fungi (Glomeromycota). Mycorrhiza. 23 : 515–531.
- Rillig, M.C., and Mummey, D.L. 2006. Mycorrhizas and soil structure. New Phytologist. 171 : 41 - 53.
- Schubler, A., Schwarzott, D., and Walker, C. 2001. A new fungal phylum, the glomeromycota : phylogeny and evolution. The British Mycological Society. 105 (12) : 1413 – 1421.
- Setiadi, Y dan Setiawan, A. 2011. Studi status Fungi Mikoriza Arbuskula di areal rehabilitasi pasca penambangan nikel (studi kasus PT INCO Tbk. Sorowako, Sulawesi Selatan). Jurnlal Silvikultur Tropika. 03 (01) : 88-95
- Setiawan, A., Sastrahidayat, I.R., dan Muhibuddin, A. 2014. Upaya penekanan serangan penyakit rebah semai (*Sclerotium rolfsii*) pada tanaman kedelai

- (*Glycine Max* L.) dengan mikoriza yang diperbanyak dengan inang perantara tanaman kacang tanah. Jurnal HPT 2 (4) : 36 – 43.
- Settaluri, V.S., Kandala, C.V.K., Puppala, N., and Sundaram, J. 2012. Peanuts and their nutritional aspects - a review. Scientific Research. Food and Nutrition Sciences. 3 : 1644 – 1650.
- Smith, S.E., and Read, D.J. 2008. Mycorrhizal symbiosis third edition. Academic Press. USA.
- Soesanto, L. 2013. Penyakit karena jamur : kompendium penyakit-penyakit kacang tanah. Graha Ilmu. Yogyakarta.
- Sousa, C.d.S., Menezes, R.S.C., Sampaio, E.V.d.S.B., Lima, F.d.S., Oehl, F., and Maia, L.C. 2013. Arbuscular mycorrhizal fungi within agroforestry and traditional land use systems in semi-arid Northeast Brazil. Acta Scientiarum. Agronomy Maringá. 35(3) : 307-314.
- Suharti, N., Habazar, T., Nasir, N., Dachryanus., dan Jamsari. 2011. Induksi ketahanan tanaman jahe terhadap penyakit layu *Ralstonia solanacearum* Ras 4 menggunakan Fungi Mikoriza Arbuskular (FMA) indigenus. Jurnal HPT Tropika. 11(1) : 102- 111.
- Sulyanti, E. 2012. Kombinasi pseudomonad fluoresens dan fungi mikoriza arbuskular indigenous dari geografis berbeda untuk meningkatkan ketahanan tanaman pisang terhadap penyakit layu fusarium (*Fusarium oxysporum* f.sp *cubense*). [Disertasi]. Universitas Andalas. Padang.
- Swandi, F., Sulyanti, E., Darnetty dan Reflin. 2020. The potential of Arbuscular Mycorrhizal Fungi (AM Fungi) as biocontrol agent against stem rot diseases caused by *Sclerotium rolfsii* in peanut (*Arachis hypogaea* L.). JERAMI Indonesian Journal of Crop Science. 2(2) : 65 - 71
- Tahat, M.M., and Sijam, K. 2015. Mycorrhizal fungi and abiotic environmental conditions relationship. Research Journal of Environmental Science. 6(4) : 125 – 133.
- Talanca, H. 2010. Status cendawan mikoriza vesicular arbuscular (mva) pada tanaman. Prosiding Pekan Serealia Nasional Balai Penelitian Tanaman Serealia. Sulawesi Selatan.
- Taufiq, A., dan Kristiono, A. 2015. Keharaan tanaman kacang tanah. Monografi Balitkabi. 13 : 170 – 195.
- Tripathi, S., Mishra, S.K. and Varma, A. 2017. mycorrhizal fungi as control agents against plant pathogens. In : Mycorrhiza – nutrient uptake, biocontrol, ecorestoration. Varma, A., Prasad, R., dan Tuteja, N. Fourth Edition. Switzerland : Springer International Publishing. pp : 161 – 178.

Trustinah. 2015. Morfologi dan Pertumbuhan kacang tanah. Balai Penelitian Tanaman Aneka Kacang dan Umbi Malang. Monografi Balitkabi.13 : 40 - 59

Vlot, A.C., Dempsey, D.A., and Klessig, D.F. 2009. Salicylic acid, a multifaceted hormone to combat disease. Annual Review of Phytopathology 47 (1) : 177 – 206.

Xu, Z.H., Harrington, T.C., Gleason, M.L. and Batzer, J.C. 2010. Phylogenetic placement of plant pathogenic *Sclerotium* species among teleomorph genera. *Mycologia*. 102(2): 337-346.

