

SKRIPSI SARJANA FARMASI

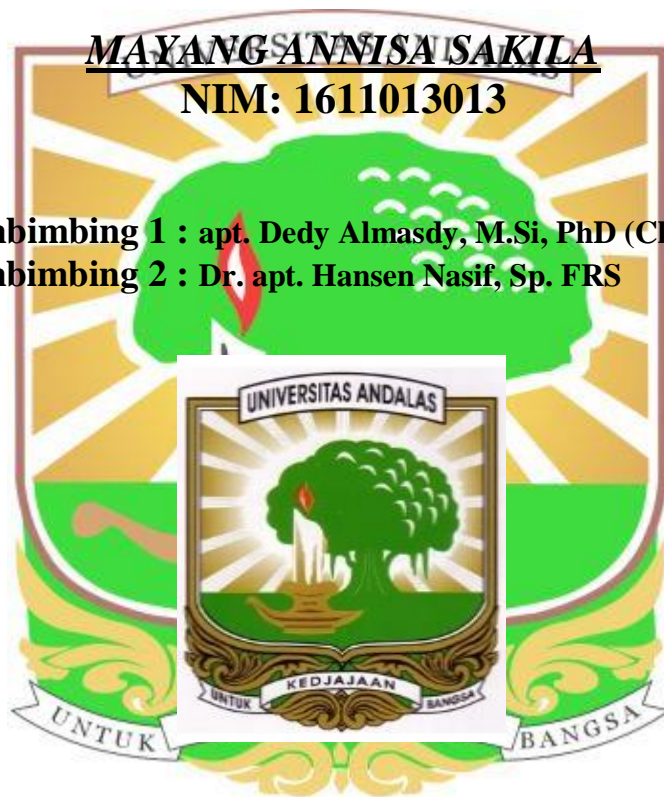
**PENGETAHUAN, SIKAP DAN PERSEPSI APOTEKER
DI SUMATERA BARAT TERHADAP OBAT HALAL**

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ABSTRAK

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Salah satu peran apoteker dalam pengobatan adalah memberi informasi tentang obat, salah satunya yaitu informasi kesesuaian pemilihan obat dengan kepercayaan pasien. Pasien sangat mempertimbangkan halal dan haramnya pengobatan. Tujuan penelitian ini adalah untuk mengetahui pengetahuan, sikap dan persepsi apoteker di Sumatera Barat terhadap obat halal. Penelitian ini merupakan penelitian *cross sectional* dengan pengambilan sampel secara *purposive sampling* yang dilaksanakan pada bulan Januari 2020 sampai bulan Juni 2020. Data dikumpulkan menggunakan kuisioner secara online. Penelitian dilakukan kepada apoteker yang bekerja di sektor pelayanan klinis di Sumatera Barat. Uji mann-whitney dan Kruskal-Wallis diterapkan untuk mengetahui perbedaan nilai pengetahuan, sikap dan persepsi berdasarkan karakteristik responden. Uji korelasi *Spearman* diterapkan untuk mengetahui hubungan antara pengetahuan, sikap dan persepsi. Berdasarkan hasil yang didapatkan bahwa responden memiliki pengetahuan tinggi (100%), sikap yang baik (97,6%) dan persepsi yang baik (98,2%). Terdapat perbedaan rata-rata pengetahuan yang signifikan berdasarkan pengalaman mengikuti seminar/pelatihan/workshop tentang obat halal, terdapat perbedaan rata-rata sikap apoteker yang signifikan berdasarkan umur, terdapat perbedaan rata-rata persepsi apoteker yang signifikan berdasarkan umur dan pendidikan tambahan, terdapat hubungan yang lemah antara pengetahuan dengan sikap ($p = 0,000$ $r = 0,258$) dan terdapat hubungan yang kuat antara sikap dengan persepsi ($p = 0,000$ $r = 0,630$). Berdasarkan hasil tersebut dapat disimpulkan bahwa pengetahuan apoteker dikategorikan tinggi serta sikap dan persepsi apoteker dikategorikan baik.

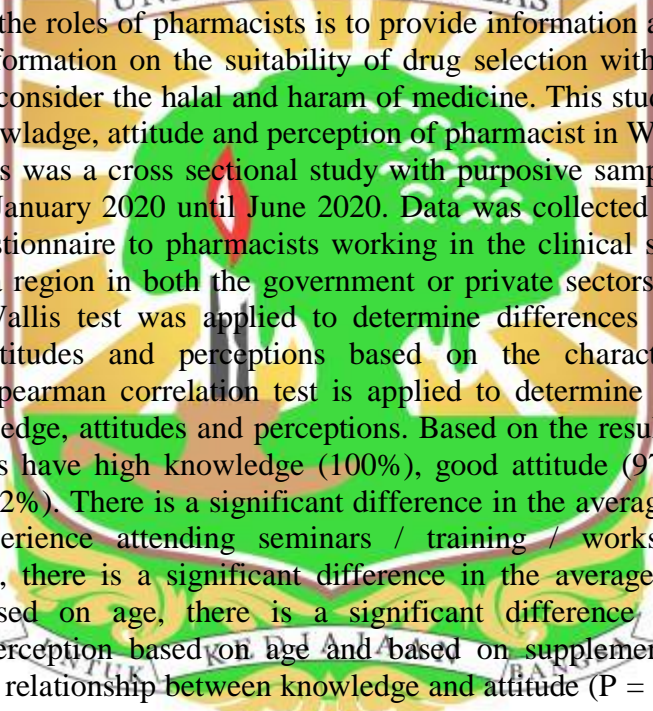
Kata kunci : Pengetahuan sikap dan persepsi, obat halal, pengobatan halal, farmasi halal, apoteker, komunitas farmasi

ABSTRACT

KNOWLADGE, ATTITUDE DAN PERCEPTION OF PHARMACIST IN WEST SUMATERA REGARDING HALAL PHARMACEUTICAL

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One of the roles of pharmacists is to provide information about drugs, one of which is information on the suitability of drug selection with patient beliefs. Patients really consider the halal and haram of medicine. This study was aimed to asses the knowladge, attitude and perception of pharmacist in West Sumatera on halal drug. This was a cross sectional study with purposive sampling which was carried out in January 2020 until June 2020. Data was collected using an online structured questionnaire to pharmacists working in the clinical service sector in West Sumatera region in both the government or private sectors. Mann-whitney and Kruskal-Wallis test was applied to determine differences in the value of knowledge, attitudes and perceptions based on the characteristics of the respondents. Spearman correlation test is applied to determine the relationship between knowledge, attitudes and perceptions. Based on the results obtained that the respondents have high knowledge (100%), good attitude (97.6%) and good perception (98.2%). There is a significant difference in the average of knowledge based on experience attending seminars / training / workshops on halal pharmaceutical, there is a significant difference in the average attitude of the pharmacist based on age, there is a significant difference in the average pharmacist's perception based on age and based on supplementary education, there is a weak relationship between knowledge and attitude ($P = 0.000$ $r = 0.258$) and there is a strong relationship between attitude and perception ($P = 0.000$ $r = 0.630$). Based on the result it can be concluded that the pharmacist knowledge is categorized high and the attitudes and perception of pharmacists are categorized as good.

Keywords : Knowladge attitude and perception, halal medicine, halal medication, halal pharmaceutical, pharmacist, community pharmacy

