



UNIVERSITAS ANDALAS

**EVALUASI KETERSEDIAAN DAN KESETARAAN PAKET
MANFAAT LAYANAN JANTUNG SESUAI PETA
JALAN JAMINAN KESEHATAN NASIONAL**



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MUTIARA INDAH SARI A, No. BP 1611212022

EVALUASI KETERSEDIAAN DAN KESETARAAN PAKET MANFAAT LAYANAN JANTUNG SESUAI PETA JALAN JAMINAN KESEHATAN NASIONAL DI KOTA PADANG TAHUN 2019

x + 86 halaman, 8 tabel, 13 tabel, 10 gambar, 14 lampiran

ABSTRAK

Tujuan Penelitian

Kebijakan Jaminan Kesehatan Nasional sudah dilaksanakan selama lima tahun perlu dievaluasi untuk mengetahui capaian sasaran sesuai dengan peta jalan JKN Tahun 2012-2019. Sasaran ketiga peta jalan menargetkan bahwa tahun 2019, paket manfaat medis dan non medis (kelas perawatan) sudah sama, tidak ada perbedaan, untuk mewujudkan keadilan sosial bagi seluruh rakyat. Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengevaluasi ketersediaan dan kesetaraan paket manfaat layanan jantung sesuai peta jalan jaminan kesehatan nasional di Kota Padang Tahun 2019.

Metode

Penelitian ini merupakan penelitian kuantitatif-kualitatif (*mix methods*) dengan pendekatan *realist evaluation*. Data kuantitatif menggunakan data sekunder yang bersumber dari BPJS Kesehatan Cabang Padang terkait kunjungan dan dana klaim layanan jantung. Sedangkan, data kualitatif diperoleh melalui wawancara mendalam terhadap 9 orang informan yang dipilih melalui *purposive sampling* yaitu BPJS Kesehatan, Dinas Kesehatan, Rumah Sakit dan Puskesmas di Kota Padang.

Hasil

Hasil penelitian kuantitatif menunjukkan bahwa ketersediaan layanan kateterisasi jantung dan dokter SpJP sudah mencapai standar ideal, kunjungan jantung dan total dana klaim jantung tertinggi pada kelompok PBPU dengan angka kunjungan (30,77%) dan total klaim (31,21%). Kunjungan jantung tertinggi terdapat di rumah sakit tipe C (53,89%) dan tipe A (45,61%). Hasil penelitian kualitatif menunjukkan bahwa ketersediaan dan kesetaraan layanan jantung sudah memadai dengan layanan jantung di FKRTL yang sudah sama bagi semua peserta JKN walaupun paling banyak dimanfaatkan oleh PBPU dan layanan jantung di FKTP sudah memiliki prosedur rujukan dan implementasi sistem deteksi dini jantung yang secara umum sudah baik.

Kesimpulan

Pelaksanaan kebijakan JKN terkait paket manfaat layanan jantung di Kota Padang sudah berjalan baik dengan ketersediaan layanan dan dokter jantung sudah memadai dan utilisasi jantung paling banyak dimanfaatkan oleh PBPU namun semua peserta JKN dapat mengakses layanan dengan mudah. Dengan demikian, paket manfaat layanan jantung sudah sama dan tidak ada perbedaan untuk peserta JKN.

Daftar Pustaka : 32 (1980-2020)

Kata Kunci : Peta Jalan JKN, *Realist Evaluation*, Konfigurasi CMO, Layanan Jantung.

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MUTIARA INDAH SARI A, No. BP 1611212022

EVALUATION ON AVAILABILITY AND EQUITY OF CARDIAC SERVICE BENEFITS ACCORDING TO THE NATIONAL HEALTH INSURANCE ROADMAP AT PADANG CITY IN 2019

x + 86 pages, 8 tables, 13 tables, 10 pictures, 14 attachments

ABSTRACT

Objective

The National Health Insurance that has been implemented for five years needs to be evaluated to determine the achievement of targets accordance with National Health Insurance roadmap on 2012-2019. The third target of the road map is to target that in 2019, the medical and non-medical benefit packages (care classes) are the same, there is no difference, to realize social justice for all people. This research aims to evaluate the availability and equity of cardiac service benefits according to the national health insurance roadmap at Padang City in 2019.

Method

This research is a quantitative-qualitative study (mix methods) with realist evaluation approach. Quantitative data uses secondary data sourced from BPJS Padang Branch related to visits and funds for claims for cardiac services. Meanwhile, qualitative data were obtained through indepth interviews with 9 informants selected through purposive sampling, namely BPJS of Health, Department of health, Hospitals and Health Centers in Padang City.

Result

Quantitative research results indicate that the availability of cardiac catheterization services and cardiologist have reached the ideal standard, the highest visits and total claimsof cardiac services was in the PBPU group with visit rate (30.77%) and total claims (31.21%).The highest cardiac visit was in hospital type C (53.89%) and type A (45.61%). Qualitative research results show that the availability and equity of cardiac services is adequate with cardiac services in hospital that are the same for all participants although the most widely used by PBPU and cardiac service in health centers already have referral procedures and the implementation of early cardiac detection systems which are generally good.

Conclusion

The implementation of the National Health Insurance policy related to the cardiac service benefit package in Padang City has been going well with the availability of services and the cardiologist is adequate and cardiac utilization is most utilized by PBPU but all JKN participants can access the service easily. Thus, the cardiac care benefit package is the same and there is no difference for participants.

Bibliography : 32 (1980-2020)

Keywords : National Health Insurance Roadmap, Realist Evaluation, CMO Configuration, Cardiac service.