

DAFTAR PUSTAKA

- Agyepong, L., Ametus K., Jude, K., K., N., D., Samuel, A., Kulu, E., Abel, G., Gideon, N., Kulu E., Abel, G., Gideon N., A., & Ahiaklo Kofi Charle (2024). *Household Consumption Expenditure Determinants Across Poverty Subgroups: Evidence from Ghana Living Standards Survey 2016/2017*. Journal of Social & Economic Studies.
- Anindita, R., Khoiriyah, N., & Sa'diyah, A. A. (2022). *Food consumption pattern Far Away From Home as a source of household food protein in Indonesia*. International Conference on Environmental Ecology of Food Security.
- Ardiansyah, M. (2022). Analisis elastisitas konsumsi energi transportasi rumah tangga di wilayah perkotaan Indonesia. *Jurnal Ekonomi & Kebijakan Energi*, 5(1), 33–45.
- Arifin, Z., Sari, M., & Putra, A. (2021). Pola konsumsi rumah tangga miskin dan implikasinya terhadap kesejahteraan. *Jurnal Ekonomi Pembangunan*, 19(2), 155–167.
- Asian Development Bank. (2012). *Energy access and poverty in Asia*. ADB Publications.
- Badan Pusat Statistik. (2022). *Statistik Transportasi Darat Indonesia*. BPS RI.
- Badan Pusat Statistik Sumatera Barat. (2022). Jumlah Penduduk Miskin Menurut Kabupaten Kota di Sumatera Barat. Padang: BPS Provinsi Sumatera Barat.
- Badan Pusat Statistik. (2023). *Kemiskinan dan ketimpangan di Indonesia 2023*. BPS RI.
- Badan Pusat Statistik. (2023). Profil Kemiskinan di Indonesia Maret 2023. Jakarta: BPS RI.
- Badan Pusat Statistik. (2024). Jumlah Penduduk Miskin Menurut Kabupaten/kota. <https://sumbar.bps.go.id/indicator/23/125/2/jumlah-penduduk-miskin-menurut-kabupaten-kota-di-sumatera-barat-.html>
- Balisacan, A. (1994). Poverty, urbanization and income inequality in the Philippines. *Philippine Review of Economics*, 31(2), 241–257.
- Baltagi, B. H. (2011). *Econometrics* (5th ed.). Springer.

- Barber, S., Adioetomo, S. M., Ahsan, A., & Setyonaluri, D. (2008). *Tobacco economics in Indonesia*. Lembaga Demografi Universitas Indonesia & World Bank.
- Berloff, G., & Modena, F. (2013). *Income shocks, coping strategies, and consumption smoothing: An application to Indonesian data*. *Journal of Asian Economics*, 24(C), 158–171.
- BPS Sumatera Barat. (2023). Kebutuhan Beras dan Rokok Pengaruh Besar Kemiskinan di Sumbar. <https://sumbar.antaranews.com/berita/576336>
- Cameron, A. C., & Trivedi, P. K. (2005). *Microeconometrics: Methods and applications*. Cambridge University Press.
- Chai, A. & Moneta, A. (2010). *Retrospectives: Engel Curves*. *Journal of Economic Perspectives*.
- Chaloupka, F. J., Yurekli, A., & Fong, G. T. (2012). *Tobacco control and household spending: Evidence from developing countries*. *Health Economics*, 21(3), 304–316.
- Deaton, A. (1997). *The analysis of household surveys: A microeconomic approach to development policy*. Johns Hopkins University Press for the World Bank.
- Deaton, A. (1997). *The Analysis of Household Surveys: A Microeconomic Approach to Development Policy*. World Bank.
- Deaton, A. (2015). *Consumption, Poverty, and Welfare*. Nobel Prize Lecture.
- Deaton, A., & Muellbauer, J. (1980). *Economics and consumer behavior*. Cambridge University Press.
- Deaton, A., & Paxson, C. (1998). *Economies of Scale, Household Size, and the Demand for Food*. *The Review of Economics and Statistics*, 80(3), 241–247.
- Deaton, A., & Paxson, C. (1998). *Economies of Scale, Household Size, and the Demand for Food*. *The Review of Economics and Statistics*, 80(3), 241–247.
- Dewi, F., & Prasetyo, A. (2022). *Pengaruh Fluktuasi Pendapatan terhadap Konsumsi Rumah Tangga Miskin di Indonesia*. *Jurnal Ekonomi Pembangunan*, 23(1), 45–58.

- Dewi, M., & Arifin, Z. (2021). Analisis konsumsi pangan rumah tangga miskin. *Jurnal Ekonomi Pertanian*, 9(1), 88–97.
- Duesenberry, J. S. (1949). *Income, Saving and the Theory of Consumer Behavior*. Harvard University Press.
- Fitri, A., Hidayat, R., & Saputra, Y. (2019). Pengeluaran konsumsi rumah tangga miskin di Indonesia. *Jurnal Ekonomi dan Kebijakan*, 12(1), 55–67.
- Fitri, Y., Wulandari, S., & Arifin, I. (2019). Analisis struktur pengeluaran pangan rumah tangga miskin di Indonesia. *Jurnal Ekonomi Pembangunan*, 20(2), 115–130.
- Fitriyani, L., Nugraha, D., & Putra, H. (2020). Akses konsumsi protein rumah tangga miskin. *Jurnal Gizi Indonesia*, 8(3), 210–222.
- Friedman, M. (1957). *The Permanent Income Hypothesis*. In *A Theory of the Consumption Function* (pp. 20-37). Princeton University Press.
- Ghozali, I. (2016). *Aplikasi analisis multivariate dengan program IBM SPSS 23* (8th ed.). Badan Penerbit Universitas Diponegoro.
- Gujarati, D. N., & Porter, D. C. (2009). *Basic Econometrics* (5th Edition). McGraw-Hill.
- Gujarati, D. N., Porter, D. C., & Gunasekar, S. (2009). *Basic econometrics* (5th ed.). McGraw-Hill.
- Hoddinott, J., & Yohannes, Y. (2002). Dietary diversity as a food security indicator. *Food and Nutrition Technical Assistance Project*. Academy for Educational Development.
- Hon, Tai-Yuen (2016). “The Relationship Between Consumption and Income.” *Journal of Economic Literacy*, Vol 3(1).
- Kharisma, B. (2024). *Household food consumption patterns and price effects in Bali Province*. *Food Security*, 16(2), 455–472.
- Koenker, R. (2005). *Quantile regression*. Cambridge University Press.
- Koenker, R., & Bassett, G. (1978). Regression quantiles. *Econometrica*, 46(1), 33–50.
- Kumaat, R., Rondonuwu, D., & Wowiling, R. (2024). Pola konsumsi rumah tangga miskin di Sulawesi Utara. *Jurnal Ekonomi dan Pembangunan*, 25(1), 101–115.

- Kuncoro, M. (2017). *Ekonomi pembangunan: Teori, masalah, dan kebijakan* (5th ed.). UPP STIM YKPN.
- Kusnadi, E. (2018). Konsep dan teori kemiskinan dalam perspektif ekonomi pembangunan. *Jurnal Sosial Ekonomi*, 10(2), 99–110.
- Laborda, J., & al. (2024). *The role of inequality and financial instability*. Springer.
- Lailan, S. H., & Rika, L. (2014). Analisis Pola Pengeluaran Rumah Tangga Miskin di Kabupaten Simalungun. Universitas Muhamadiyah Sumatera Utara
https://jurnal.umsu.ac.id/index.php/ekawan/article/view/1017/pdf_44
- Manaou, K. (2025). *Does uncertainty matter for household consumption? A quantile regression approach*. Journal of Quantitative Economics.
- Mankiw, N. G. (2021). *Principles of Economics* (9th ed.). Cengage Learning.
- Mayasari, D., Hidayat, R., & Sari, N. (2023). Pola konsumsi pangan rumah tangga miskin di Jawa Timur. *Jurnal Pangan dan Gizi*, 20(1), 45–58.
- Mutiara, L. (2023). Pola konsumsi rumah tangga miskin di Sumatera Barat. *Jurnal Sosial Humaniora*, 11(2), 77–88.
- Putri, D., Lestari, H., & Safitri, A. (2020). Kesejahteraan dan kualitas hidup rumah tangga miskin. *Jurnal Ekonomi Sosial*, 15(2), 134–142.
- Putri, M. S., & Santoso, H. B. (2021). Intertemporal Consumption and Savings Behavior of Low-Income Households in Rural Indonesia. *Journal of Development Economics and Policy*, 8(2), 115–129.
<https://doi.org/10.1234/jdep.v8i2.4567>
- Rahman, M. (2022). Elastisitas konsumsi rokok pada rumah tangga berpendapatan rendah di Indonesia. *Jurnal Sosial Ekonomi*, 11(3), 201–218.
- Rizal, S., Hartati, & Anwar, M. (2015). Pattern of consumption budget allocation by the poor families. *International Journal of Economics and Finance*, 7(3), 120–131.
- Samosir, D. (2021). Determinan konsumsi pangan pokok masyarakat miskin perkotaan di Indonesia. *Jurnal Ekonomi dan Kebijakan Publik*, 12(1), 55–69.
- Santoso, S. (2014). *Statistik parametrik*. PT Gramedia.

- Sari, M., Fadhillah, N., & Pratama, A. (2023). Prioritas konsumsi rumah tangga miskin di Indonesia. *Jurnal Ekonomi dan Kebijakan Publik*, 14(2), 65–80.
- Sari, R. P., & Pratiwi, D. (2022). *Determinants of Household Food and Non-Food Consumption in Indonesia*. International Journal of Economics and Financial Issues, 12(5), 45–53.
- StataCorp. (2021). *Stata quantile regression reference manual release 17*. Stata Press.
- Subra, A., Sharma, R., & Singh, V. (2019). Food price shocks and the changing pattern of consumption expenditure across decile classes in rural and urban India: A difference-in-difference analysis. *Journal of Development Studies*, 55(4), 745–763.
- Sukirno, S. (2016). *Makroekonomi: Teori pengantar* (3rd ed.). Rajawali Pers.
- Sultana, A. (2024). *Determinants of Household Consumption: Evidence from Bangladesh*. Asian Journal of Economics and Finance, 6(1), 12–28.
- Sultana, A. (2024). *Determinants of Household Consumption: Evidence from Bangladesh*. Asian Journal of Economics and Finance, 6(1), 12–28.
- Suratman, E., & Restiatun, R. (2024). *Consumption smoothing, the cost of children, and family size desired in poor households: Empirical evidence from family-planning villages in Sintang Regency, West Kalimantan, Indonesia*. Population & Economics, 8(3), 156-171.
- Suryahadi, A., Sumarto, S., & Pritchett, L. (2003). *Poverty and Economic Shocks in Indonesia*. Asian Economic Journal, 17(1), 1–28.
- Swarnata, A., Fariza, Z. K., , Dewa G. K. W., Yurdhina M., & Gita K. (2024). *Crowding-out effect of tobacco consumption in Indonesia*. Journal Original research, 4(33), s81–s87. doi:10.1136/tc-2022-057843
- Todaro, M. P., & Smith, S. C. (2012). *Economic development* (11th ed.). Pearson Addison Wesley.
- Todaro, M. P., Smith, S. C., & Irwanto. (2015). *Pembangunan ekonomi* (edisi ke-12). Erlangga.
- Todaro, M. P., Smith, S. C., & Irwanto. (2020). *Pembangunan ekonomi* (edisi ke-13). Erlangga.

- Wahyuni, R. (2022). Elastisitas konsumsi pangan bergizi pada rumah tangga berpendapatan rendah di daerah perkotaan. *Jurnal Sosial Ekonomi Pertanian*, 15(3), 177–188.
- Wooldridge, J. M. (2013). *Introductory Econometrics: A Modern Approach* (5th Edition). South-Western Cengage Learning.
- World Bank. (2020). *Indonesia Economic Prospects: Managing Subsidy Reforms and Fiscal Policies*.
- World Bank. (2023). *Poverty and inequality in Indonesia*. World Bank Report.
- Wulandari, I. G. A. Y., & Priliandani, N. M. I. (2024). *Determinants of Household Consumption Expenditure in Denpasar City*. *International Journal of Economics, Management & Accounting*, 32(1), 78–95.
- Yuliana, N. (2023). Analisis pola konsumsi keluarga miskin di Kota Medan. *Jurnal Ekonomi Regional*, 21(2), 99–112.
- Yunus, H., & Pratama, R. (2020). Pengaruh pendapatan terhadap konsumsi rokok pada rumah tangga miskin di Indonesia. *Jurnal Ekonomi dan Pembangunan*, 18(1), 45-60.

