



**UNIVERSITAS ANDALAS**

**PENGARUH DETERMINAN SOSIAL TERHADAP HUBUNGAN GIZI  
KURANG DENGAN KARIES GIGI PADA ANAK**

**SEKOLAH DASAR DI KOTA PADANG**

**TAHUN 2024**

**TESIS  
OLEH**

**SUCIAULIYA**

**2121212006**

**UNTUK KEDAJAAN BANGSA**

Pembimbing I : Prof. Defriman Djafri, SKM., MKM., P. hD

Pembimbing II : Dr Mery Ramadani S.KM, M.KM

**PROGRAM STUDI MAGISTER EPIDEMIOLOGI**

**FAKULTAS KESEHATAN MASYARAKAT**

**UNIVERSITAS ANDALAS**

**2025**

**FAKULTAS KESEHATAN MASYARAKAT  
UNIVERSITAS ANDALAS**

**Thesis, 17 Juli 2025**

**Suci Auliya 2121212006**

**PENGARUH DETERMINAN SOSIAL TERHADAP HUBUNGAN GIZI KURANG DENGAN KARIES GIGI PADA ANAK SEKOLAH DASAR DI KOTA PADANG TAHUN 2024**

**xi + 109 halaman, 21 tabel, 3 gambar, 9 lampiran**

**ABSTRAK**

**Tujuan Penelitian**

Tujuan penelitian ini adalah untuk mengetahui distribusi dan frekuensi karakteristik pada anak sekolah dasar di Kota Padang berdasarkan jenis kelamin, pendidikan ayah, pendidikan ibu, pekerjaan ayah, pekerjaan ibu, pendapatan rumah tangga, kebiasaan menggosok gigi, pola konsumsi jajanan, gizi kurang dan status karies gigi pada anak sekolah dasar di Kota Padang tahun 2024.

**Metode**

Penelitian ini menggunakan desain cross-sectional dengan jumlah sampel sebanyak 90 anak sekolah dasar yang diambil secara multistage random sampling . Data dikumpulkan melalui pemeriksaan status gizi, pemeriksaan karies gigi, dan kuesioner kepada orang tua. Analisis dilakukan secara univariat, bivariat menggunakan uji chi-square, serta analisis multivariat dengan regresi logistik untuk melihat pengaruh determinan sosial sebagai faktor confounding dan interaksi.

**Hasil**

Hasil menunjukkan adanya hubungan signifikan antara gizi kurang dengan kejadian karies gigi ( $p=0,005$ ). Beberapa faktor determinan sosial seperti pendapatan keluarga ( $p=0,018$ ), pekerjaan ayah ( $p=0,004$ ), dan kebiasaan menyikat gigi ( $p=0,002$ ) juga berhubungan secara signifikan dengan karies. Dalam analisis multivariat, variabel pendapatan keluarga menjadi confounding terhadap hubungan gizi kurang dan karies, sedangkan tidak ditemukan interaksi signifikan antara kebiasaan menyikat gigi dan gizi kurang.

**Kesimpulan**

Terdapat pengaruh determinan sosial terhadap hubungan antara gizi kurang dan karies gigi pada anak sekolah dasar di Kota Padang. Upaya pencegahan karies pada anak perlu mempertimbangkan faktor sosial ekonomi dan perbaikan status gizi secara holistik.

**Daftar Pustaka**

: 87 (1192-2024)

**Kata Kunci**

: Gizi kurang, Determinan sosial, Karies gigi, Anak sekolah dasar, Faktor sosial ekonomi

**FAKULTAS KESEHATAN  
MASYARAKAT  
UNIVERSITAS ANDALAS**

**Thesis, 17 Juli 2025**

**Suci Auliya 2121212006**

**"THE INFLUENCE OF SOCIAL DETERMINANTS ON THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN UNDERNUTRITION AND DENTAL CARIES AMONG ELEMENTARY SCHOOL CHILDREN IN PADANG CITY, 2024"**

**xi + 109 pages, 21 tables, 3 figures, 9 appendices**

**ABSTRACT**

**Introduction**

The objective of this study is to determine the distribution and frequency of characteristics among elementary school children in Padang City based on sex, father's education, mother's education, father's occupation, mother's occupation, household income, tooth-brushing habits, snacking patterns, nutritional status, and dental caries status in the year 2024.

**Methods**

This study employed a cross-sectional design with a total sample of 90 elementary school children selected through multistage random sampling. Data were collected through nutritional status assessment, dental caries examination, and a questionnaire administered to parents. The analysis consisted of univariate analysis, bivariate analysis using the chi-square test, and multivariate analysis using logistic regression to assess the influence of social determinants as confounding factors and potential interactions.

**Results**

The results showed a significant association between undernutrition and dental caries ( $p=0.005$ ). Several social determinants, such as family income ( $p=0.018$ ), father's occupation ( $p=0.004$ ), and tooth brushing habits ( $p=0.002$ ), were also significantly associated with caries. Multivariate analysis indicated that family income acted as a confounder in the relationship between undernutrition and caries, while no significant interaction was found between tooth brushing habits and undernutrition.

**Conclusion**

There is an influence of social determinants on the relationship between undernutrition and dental caries among elementary school children in Padang City. Efforts to prevent dental caries in children should take into account socioeconomic factors and a holistic approach to improving nutritional status.

**References**

: 87 (1192–2024)

**Keywords**

: Undernutrition, Social determinants, Dental caries, Elementary school children, Socioeconomic factors