## BAB 5. CONCLUSION

This chapter presents the conclusions drawn from the research findings, as well as recommendations that may serve as considerations for future development or further studies

## 5.1. CONCLUSION

- 1. Based on the results of the research and analysis conducted, the Nurul Haq Shelter is considered the best among the three shelters in Padang City, showing relatively better building conditions and maintenance practices. However, although it stands out at the local level, the overall quality and maintenance standards of the Nurul Haq Shelter are still not on par with those found in shelters in Nankoku, Japan.
- 2. The management of shelters in Nankoku is more structured, with strong government involvement in planning, organizing, implementing, and supervising. In contrast, shelters in Padang face challenges such as limited coordination between the government and the community, inadequate resources, and low managerial capacity. The poor condition of shelters in Padang is caused by a weak management system, which stems from unclear roles and responsibilities of those in charge of shelter operations. This situation is further worsened by the lack of a dedicated budget for shelter management, which relies solely on the voluntary efforts of local residents for maintenance.
- 3. This research highlights several key recommendations, including the need for the involvement of all stakeholders in shelter management, the development of a comprehensive guidebook or maintenance manual for shelter managers, and the provision of regular training for shelter managers to enhance their capacity and professionalism.

## 5.2. SUGGESTION

For Government:

1. Build strong and clear coordination between communities, shelter managers, local government, and BPBD to ensure smooth and effective shelter management.

- 2. Provide proper training and support for shelter managers before giving them full responsibility for managing the shelters.
- 3. Involve all stakeholders, communities, shelter managers, and the government actively to improve disaster preparedness, reduce risks, and support future rescue efforts.

For Future Researchers:

- 1. Conduct more research to understand the connection between shelter maintenance problems and how shelters are managed, and better solutions can be created.
- 2. Further research could focus on comparing different shelters to identify best practices

