

**PROBABILITAS PENURUNAN PENDAPATAN
PEKERJA MIGRAN INDONESIA
DI MASA PANDEMI COVID-19**

TESIS



**PROGRAM STUDI MAGISTER EKONOMI
FAKULTAS EKONOMI DAN BISNIS
UNIVERSITAS ANDALAS
2025**

PROBABILITAS PENURUNAN PENDAPATAN PEKERJA MIGRAN INDONESIA DI MASA PANDEMI COVID-19

Oleh:

Fadlila Mohd. Rusadi (2320519002)

Pembimbing:

Dr. Yulia Anas, S.E., M.Si.



ABSTRAK

Pekerja Migran Indonesia menjadi salah satu kelompok yang rentan terdampak pandemi COVID-19. Salah satu dampaknya adalah penurunan pendapatan yang dipengaruhi oleh beberapa faktor seperti kategori pekerja, sektor pekerjaan, perubahan jam kerja, tingkat pendidikan, dan jenis kelamin. Penelitian ini bertujuan menganalisis probabilitas penurunan pendapatan Pekerja Migran Indonesia di masa pandemi COVID-19. Data yang digunakan dalam penelitian ini adalah data Survei Angkatan Kerja Nasional (Sakernas) Agustus 2020. Sampel penelitian terdiri dari 109 Pekerja Migran Indonesia yang sudah bekerja minimal 6 bulan terhitung dari Februari 2020. Analisis data dilakukan dengan regresi probit. Hasil penelitian diperoleh bahwa kategori pekerja, sektor pekerjaan, perubahan jam kerja, dan tingkat pendidikan secara signifikan berpengaruh terhadap probabilitas penurunan pendapatan kecuali jenis kelamin. Kelompok pekerja migran yang memiliki peluang yang lebih besar untuk mengalami penurunan pendapatan adalah pekerja *blue collar*, pekerja pada sektor informal, pekerja yang mengalami pengurangan jam kerja, dan pekerja dengan tingkat pendidikan \leq SMA/SMK/sederajat.

Kata Kunci: COVID-19, Pekerja Migran Indonesia, Probabilitas, Penurunan Pendapatan, Kategori Pekerja, Sektor Pekerjaan, Jam Kerja, Pendidikan

**THE PROBABILITY OF INCOME REDUCTION
AMONG INDONESIAN MIGRANT WORKERS
DURING THE COVID-19 PANDEMIC**

By:

Fadlila Mohd. Rusadi (2320519002)

Supervised by:

Dr. Yulia Anas, S.E., M.Si.

UNIVERSITAS ANDALAS

ABSTRACT

Indonesian Migrant Workers are one of the vulnerable groups affected by the COVID-19 pandemic. One of the impacts is a income reduction influenced by several factors such as worker category, employment sector, changes in working hours, education level, and gender. This study aims to analyze the probability of income reduction among Indonesian Migrant Workers during the COVID-19 pandemic. The data used in this study is from the National Labour Force Survey (Sakernas) conducted in August 2020. The sample consists of 109 Indonesian Migrant Workers who had been employed for at least six months as of February 2020. Data analysis was conducted using probit regression. The results of the study indicate that worker category, sector of employment, changes in working hours, and educational level significantly affects on the probability of income reduction except for gender. The groups of migrant workers with a higher probability of experiencing income reduction are blue-collar workers, workers in the informal sector, workers who experienced reduced working hours, and workers with an education level of ≤SMA/SMK/equivalent.

Keywords: COVID-19, Indonesian Migrant Workers, Probability, Income Reduction, Worker Category, Employment Sector, Working Hours, Education