

SKRIPSI

**GAMBARAN *PROTECTIVE FACTORS* DAN STATUS KARIES
GIGI PASIEN DI RSGM UNIVERSITAS ANDALAS**



**FAKULTAS KEDOKTERAN GIGI
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ABSTRAK

Latar belakang: Karies gigi adalah suatu proses kronis regresif yang dimulai dengan larutnya mineral email karena pembentukan asam *microbial* dari substrat. Status karies gigi dinilai dengan menggunakan Indeks DMF-T (*Decay Missing Filling Teeth*). *Protective factors* merupakan faktor lingkungan atau terapi kimia yang dapat membantu mencegah atau menurunkan tingkat risiko terjadinya karies gigi. **Tujuan:** Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui gambaran *protective factors* dan status karies gigi pasien di RSGM Universitas Andalas. **Metode:** Jenis penelitian ini adalah deskriptif. Sampel diambil menggunakan teknik *purposive sampling*. Sampel yaitu pasien di RSGM Universitas Andalas. *Protective factors* diukur dengan kuesioner *protective factors* dan status karies gigi diukur dengan indeks DMF-T. **Hasil:** : *Protective factors* responden memiliki nilai rata-rata 47,4. Sebanyak 97,7% pasien di RSGM Universitas Andalas mengalami karies gigi dengan indeks DMF-T rata-rata sebesar 4,6. **Kesimpulan:** *Protective factors* responden berada pada kategori kurang baik dan status karies gigi responden berada pada kategori tinggi

Kata Kunci: DMF-T, Karies Gigi, Pasien, *Protective factors*



DESCRIPTION OF PROTECTIVE FACTORS AND DENTAL CARIES STATUS OF PATIENTS AT RSGM ANDALAS UNIVERSITY

By: Hana Nabil Khairunnisa

ABSTRACT

Background: Dental caries is a chronic regressive process that begins with the dissolution of enamel minerals due to the formation of microbial acids from the substrate. Dental caries status is assessed using the DMF-T (Decay Missing Filling Teeth) Index. Protective factors are environmental factors or chemical therapies that can help prevent or reduce the risk of dental caries. **Objective:** This study aims to determine the description of protective factors and dental caries status of patients at RSGM Universitas Andalas. **Method:** This study is a descriptive study. Samples were taken using a purposive sampling technique. The sample was patients at RSGM Universitas Andalas. Protective factors were measured using a protective factors questionnaire and dental caries status was measured using the DMF-T index. **Results:** Respondents' protective factors had an average value of 47.4. As many as 97.7% of patients at RSGM Universitas Andalas experienced dental caries with an average DMF-T index of 4.6. **Conclusion:** Respondents' protective factors are in the not good category and respondents' dental caries status is in the high category.

Keywords: DMF-T, Dental Caries, Patien, Protective factors

