

DAFTAR PUSTAKA

- Alawamir, A. M. A. A., Zakaria, N. I., & Alsbhani, W. M. (2017). Depression and Anxiety in Early Pregnancy and Its Risk for Preeclampsia. *The Egyptian Journal of Hospital Medicine*, 67(2), 683–691. <https://doi.org/10.12816/0037822>
- Amellia, Sylvi. W. N. (2022). *Asuhan kebidanan kasus kompleks maternal dan neonatal*. Pustaka baru press.
- Andriani, R., Murdiningsih, M., & Rahmadhani, S. P. (2022). Hubungan karakteristik ibu dengan kejadian preeklampsia pada ibu hamil. *Jurnal 'Aisyiyah Medika*, 7(2), 137–147. <https://doi.org/10.36729/jam.v7i2.861>
- Anggraini, M. S., Hidayat, A., & Fernandez, R. L. (2022). Analysis of causes of mental health disorders in pregnant mothers in developing countries: Scoping Review. *International Journal of Advanced Health Science and Technology*, 2(5), 309–320. <https://doi.org/10.35882/ijahst.v2i5.158>
- Apriliyanti, E., Putri, R., & Nency, A. (2023). Hubungan riwayat preeklampsia, pemeriksaan antenatal, dan tingkat stres dengan kejadian preeklampsia berat pada ibu hamil di desa permis tahun 2022. *SENTRI: Jurnal Riset Ilmiah*, 2(4), 1214–1224. <https://doi.org/10.55681/sentri.v2i4.724>
- Atlihan, U., Derundere, Ü., & Ulukök, M. D. (2023). Neuropsychological changes in pregnant women with Preeclampsia/Eclampsia (PE-E): Health Behavior

Implications. *American Journal of Health Behavior*, 47(5), 884–893.

<https://doi.org/10.5993/AJHB.47.5.2>

Aurellia, Z. M., & Herwana, E. (2024). Tingkat stres dan status bekerja meningkatkan kejadian preeklamsia pada ibu hamil. *Jurnal Akta Trimedika*, 1(3), 245–258.

Azhmi, A. M., Rahmawati, F., & Aryanti, N. (2024). Hubungan infeksi saluran kemih (isk) dengan persalinan prematur pada ibu hamil di rs intan medika. *Seminar Nasional COSMIC Ke-2 Kedokteran Komunitas*, 2(1), 92–97.

Bartal. (2022). Eclampsia in the 21st century. *American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology*, 226(2), S1237–S1253.
<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ajog.2020.09.037>

Bayuana, A., Anjani, A. D., Nurul, D. L., Selawati, S., Sai'dah, N., Susanti, R., & Anggraini, R. (2023). Komplikasi pada kehamilan, persalinan, nifas dan bayi baru lahir: Literature Review. *Jurnal Wacana Kesehatan*, 8(1), 26–37.
<https://doi.org/10.52822/jwk.v8i1.517>

Bedaso, A., Adams, J., Peng, W., & Sibbritt, D. (2021). The relationship between social support and mental health problems during pregnancy: A systematic review and meta-analysis. *Reproductive Health*, 18(1), 162–185.
<https://doi.org/10.1186/s12978-021-01209-5>

Biaggi, A., Conroy, S., Pawlby, S., & Pariante, C. M. (2016). Identifying the women at risk of antenatal anxiety and depression: A systematic review.

Journal of Affective Disorders, 191, 62–77.

<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jad.2015.11.014>

Borschmann, R., Molyneaux, E., Spry, E., Moran, P., Howard, L. M., Macdonald, J. A., Brown, S. J., Moreno-Betancur, M., Olsson, C. A., & Patton, G. C. (2019). Pre-conception self-harm, maternal mental health and mother-infant bonding problems: A 20-year prospective cohort study.

Psychological Medicine, 49(16), 2727–2735.

<https://doi.org/10.1017/S0033291718003689>

Bothamley, J., & Boyle, M. (2012). *Patofisiologi dalam kebidanan*. Buku Kedokteran EGC.

Cahyani, P. R., Maknum, A., Kartika, I. D., & Darma, S. (2024). Narrative Review: Pengaruh anemia dan preeklampsia terhadap kejadian bayi berat lahir rendah (BBLR). *Jurnal Nakes Rumah Sakit*, 5(1), 69–78.

Chauhan, A., & Potdar, J. (2022). Maternal mental health during pregnancy: A Critical Review. *Cureus*, 14(10), 30656–30662.

<https://doi.org/10.7759/cureus.30656>

Ekawati, H., Martini, D. E., & Rohmawati, A. R. (2022). Hubungan stress dengan derajat morning sickness pada ibu hamil trimester 1 dan 2 di Desa Sukobendu Kecamatan Mantup Kabupaten Lamongan. *Surya: Jurnal Media Komunikasi Ilmu Kesehatan*, 14(3), 99–107.

Frayne, J., Watson, S., Snellen, M., Nguyen, T., & Galbally, M. (2021). The association between mental illness, psychotropic medication use and

- hypertensive disorders in pregnancy: A multicentre study. *Pregnancy Hypertension*, 24, 22–26. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.preghy.2021.02.002>
- Goodman, J. H. (2019). Perinatal depression and infant mental health. *Archives of Psychiatric Nursing*, 33(3), 217–224. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.apnu.2019.01.010>
- Hakim, Moh. A., & Aristawati, N. V. (2023). Mengukur depresi, kecemasan, dan stres pada kelompok dewasa awal di Indonesia: Uji validitas dan reliabilitas konstruk DASS-21. *Jurnal Psikologi Ulayat*, 10(2), 232–250. <https://doi.org/10.24854/jpu553>
- Hardianti, F. A., & Mairo, Q. K. N. (2018). Kecemasan, riwayat preeklampsia dan kejadian preeklampsia pada ibu hamil multigravida. *Journal of Applied Nursing (Jurnal Keperawatan Terapan)*, 4(1), 21–26. [https://doi.org/10.31290/jkt.v4i1y\(2018\).page:21-26](https://doi.org/10.31290/jkt.v4i1y(2018).page:21-26)
- Islami, & Ediyono, S. (2022). Faktor risiko dan dampak terjadinya depresi antenatal. *Jurnal Indonesia Kebidanan Volume*, 6(2), 85–90.
- Ives, C. W., Sinkey, R., Rajapreyar, I., Tita, A. T. N., & Oparil, S. (2020). Preeclampsia—pathophysiology and clinical presentations. *Journal of the American College of Cardiology*, 76(14), 1690–1702. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jacc.2020.08.014>
- Jahan, N., Went, T. R., Sultan, W., Sapkota, A., Khurshid, H., Qureshi, I. A., & Alfonso, M. (2021). Untreated depression during pregnancy and its effect

on pregnancy outcomes: A Systematic Review. *Cureus*, 13, 17251–17262.

<https://doi.org/10.7759/cureus.17251>

Kemenkes. (2024a). *Profil Kesehatan Indonesia 2023*. Kementerian Kesehatan Republik Indonesia.

Kemenkes. (2024b, Januari 25). *Agar Ibu dan Bayi Selamat*.

<https://sehatnegeriku.kemkes.go.id/baca/blog/20240125/3944849/agar-ibu-dan-bayi-selamat/>

Khalida, S. N., Erry Gumilar Dachlan, & Gatot Soegiarto. (2023). Maternal distress during pregnancy related to preeclampsia. *Bali Medical Journal*, 12(3), 2451–2455. <https://doi.org/10.15562/bmj.v12i3.4715>

Lomelin, J. S., Smith, G. N., Davidge, S. T., Riddell, M., Chari, R., Crawford, S., Bakal, J. A., & Ospina, M. B. (2024). Associations of diabetes, mental health, and asthma with hypertensive disorders of pregnancy: A Population-based Case-Control Study in Alberta, Canada. *Pregnancy Hypertension*, 38, 101172. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.preghy.2024.101172>

MMHLA. (2024, oktober). *Maternal Mental Health Conditions and Statistics: An Overview*. <https://www.mmhla.org/articles/maternal-mental-health-conditions-and-statistics>

Ngene, N. C., & Moodley, J. (2024). Preventing maternal morbidity and mortality from preeclampsia and eclampsia particularly in low- and middle-income countries. *Best Practice & Research Clinical Obstetrics & Gynaecology*, 94, 102473. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.bpobgyn.2024.102473>

- Notoatmodjo, S. (2018). *Metodologi Penelitian Kesehatan*. PT Rineka Cipta.
- Opichka, M. A., Rappelt, M. W., Guterman, D. D., Grobe, J. L., & McIntosh, J. J. (2021). Vascular dysfunction in preeclampsia. *Cells*, 10(11), 3055. <https://doi.org/10.3390/cells10113055>
- Pardede, P. S., Girsang, E. S., Nainggolan, R. N. H., Situmeang, R. V. O., & Simangunsong, B. (2023). Hubungan usia, paritas, indeks massa tubuh dan proteinuria dengan kejadian preeklampsia / eklampsia di RSUD Dr. Pirngadi. *Medical Methodist Journal (MediMeth)*, 1(2), 21–30.
- Payne, J. L., & Maguire, J. (2019). Pathophysiological mechanisms implicated in postpartum depression. *Frontiers in Neuroendocrinology*, 52, 165–180. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.yfrne.2018.12.001>
- Pratiwi, A. M., & Fatimah. (2020). *Patologi kehamilan Memahami Berbagai Penyakit & Komplikasi Kehamilan*. Pustaka Baru Press.
- Purwoastuti, endang, & Walyani, E. S. (2015). *Ilmu Obstetri dan Ginekologi Sosial Untuk Kebidanan*. Pustaka Baru Press.
- Radhiah, S., Mantao, E., & Salmawati, L. (2024). *Faktor yang berhubungan dengan tingkat kecemasan ibu hamil di wilayah kerja puskesmas balinggi*. 15.
- Raina, J., El-Messidi, A., Badeghiesh, A., Tulandi, T., Nguyen, T.-V., & Suarthana, E. (2021). Pregnancy hypertension and its association with maternal anxiety and mood disorders: A population-based study of 9 million pregnancies.

Journal of Affective Disorders, 281, 533–538.

<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jad.2020.10.058>

Reeder, S., Martin, L., & Griffin, D. (2012). *Keperawatan Maternitas: Kesehatan Wanita, Bayi dan Keluarga* (18 ed., 1–2). Buku Kedokteran EGC.

Runkle, J. D., Risley, K., Roy, M., & Sugg, M. M. (2023). Association between perinatal mental health and pregnancy and neonatal complications: A Retrospective Birth Cohort Study. *Women's Health Issues*, 33(3), 289–299.

<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.whi.2022.12.001>

Saddam, M., Saharuddin, S., Yunus, P., Fitriani, R., & Galib, M. (2023). Analisis korelasi antara kecemasan dan kejadian preeklamsia pada ibu hamil. *UMI Medical Journal*, 8(1), 35–45. <https://doi.org/10.33096/umj.v8i1.166>

Sari, Y. P., Hsu, Y.-Y., & Nguyen, T. T. B. (2023). The effects of a mindfulness-based intervention on mental health outcomes in pregnant woman: a systematic review and meta-analysis. *Journal of Nursing Research*, 31(6), e306. <https://doi.org/10.1097/jnr.0000000000000586>

Sharma, H., & Sharma, S. (2022). Mental health among pregnant women: A comparative study between primi and multigravida subjects. *International Journal Of Community Medicine And Public Health*, 9(5), 2195. <https://doi.org/10.18203/2394-6040.ijcmph20221240>

Sihaloho, E. (2024). Hubungan stres dengan kejadian hipertensi pada ibu hamil primigravida. 12(1).

Simas, T. A., Hoffman, C., & Miller, E. S. (2023). Screening and diagnosis of mental health conditions during pregnancy and postpartum: ACOG Clinical Practice Guideline No. 4: *Obstetrics & Gynecology*, 141(6), 1232–1261.
<https://doi.org/10.1097/AOG.0000000000005200>

Sofian, A. (2015). *Rustam Mochtar Sinopsis Obstetri: Obstetri Operatif, Obstetri Sosial*. Buku Kedokteran EGC.

Sudarman, .., Tendean, H. M. M., & Wagey, F. W. (2021). Faktor-faktor yang berhubungan dengan terjadinya preeklampsia. *e-CliniC*, 9(1).
<https://doi.org/10.35790/ecl.v9i1.31960>

United Nations. (2024). *The Sustainable Development Goals Report 2024*. United Nations.

Vornic, I., Buciu, V., Furau, C. G., Gaje, P. N., Ceausu, R. A., Dumitru, C.-S., Barb, A. C., Novacescu, D., Cumpanas, A. A., Latcu, S. C., Cut, T. G., & Zara, F. (2024). Oxidative stress and placental pathogenesis: A Contemporary Overview of Potential Biomarkers and Emerging Therapeutics. *International Journal of Molecular Sciences*, 25(22), 12195.
<https://doi.org/10.3390/ijms252212195>

WHO. (2024, April 26). *Maternal mortality*. <https://www.who.int/news-room/factsheets/detail/maternal-mortality>

Yu, Y., Zhang, S., Wang, G., Hong, X., Mallow, E. B., Walker, S. O., Pearson, C., Heffner, L., Zuckerman, B., & Wang, X. (2013). The combined association of psychosocial stress and chronic hypertension with preeclampsia.

American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 209(5), 438.e1-438.e12.

<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ajog.2013.07.003>

Yunaningsih, R., & Fetriyah, U. H. (2024). Hubungan tingkat stres dengan kejadian preeklamsia pada ibu hamil trimester ii-iii. *12*(3).

Zhang, S., Ding, Z., Liu, H., Chen, Z., Wu, J., Zhang, Y., & Yu, Y. (2013).

Association between mental stress and gestational hypertension/preeclampsia: A Meta-Analysis. *Obstetrical & Gynecological Survey*, 68(12), 825–834. <https://doi.org/10.1097/OGX.0000000000000009>