

**EKSPLORASI KARAKTERISTIK PENERIMA BANTUAN PANGAN NON TUNAI
(BPNT) DI INDONESIA : PERBANDINGAN SEKTOR PERTANIAN DAN SEKTOR
NON PERTANIAN**

TESIS



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FAKULTAS EKONOMI DAN BISNIS
UNIVERSITAS ANDALAS
PADANG
2024**

ABSTRAK

The Non-Cash Food Assistance (BPNT) program in Indonesia is designed to reduce poverty and improve welfare through non-cash-based food assistance. However, the implementation of this program is often affected by various factors that can lead to biases in the targeting and distribution of assistance. This study explores the characteristics of BPNT recipients and identifies potential biases in program implementation. The data used includes various socioeconomic variables, such as education level, employment status, house ownership, house infrastructure condition, sanitation facilities, lighting sources, and food insecurity. The results of the analysis show that BPNT recipients often come from households where the head of household has a low level of education, is unemployed, or does not own their own house. Inadequate housing conditions and inadequate sanitation facilities were also significantly associated with receiving assistance. These findings indicate that the BPNT program still faces challenges in achieving appropriate and effective targeting. This study proposes several recommendations for improved implementation, including improved targeting mechanisms, periodic evaluations, and policy adjustments to minimize bias. Thus, it is hoped that BPNT can be better targeted in addressing the food needs of the most vulnerable communities.

KATA KUNCI

Bpnt, Pertanian, Non Pertanian, Kemiskinan

