

CHAPTER IV

4.1 Conclusion

Based on the result of this research, the researcher found several types and functions of expressive speech acts in the videos interview in Nawid Yosufi's TikTok Account. After analyzing the data, the researcher found 53 utterances that contained expressive speech acts, as proposed by Searle (1979).

The result of this research shows that Nawid Yosufi's video interview in his TikTok Account used seven types of expressive speech acts proposed by Ronan (2015). They are agreement, disagreement, volition, thanking, non-directed complaints in exclamations, expressing sorrow, and greetings. The most dominant type of expressive speech acts in this research is agreement, with a percentage of 55%. It happened because Nawid and his interviewee used positive language, especially words that indicated agreement. Nawid often expresses appreciation in response to statements made by the people he interviews so that the people he interviews are happy and do the same. They give positive attitude to each other and show agreement with the other person's saying.

Furthermore, the researcher found seven functions of expressive speech acts proposed by Searle and Vanderveken (1985). They are to thank, to complain, to lament, to boast, to compliment, to praise, and to greet. The most dominant function of expressive speech acts in this research is to praise, with the percentage of 32%. Related to the most dominant type of expressive speech acts, it shows that the utterances of agreement in this research mostly functioned to praise each other. They gave each other a positive response by giving appreciation. As an interviewer, he always shows a positive attitude toward his interviewee. Utterance was used to praise his interviewee similarly. Also Nawid bothered them with his questions asking about

the interviewee herself and their daily activities so that their conversation uses a lot of words that contain positive expressive.

Based on the result of this research, in the video interviews, most people used expressive speech acts in their utterances. People show a positive attitude when they are interviewed. They used several types of expressive speech act to express their feelings, mainly to appreciate.

4.2 Limitation

This research is limited to studying about the types and fuctions of expressive speech acts in Nawid Yosufi's video interviews on his TikTok Account. The researcher only focuses on the types of expressive illocutionary speech acts that emerge from conversations in the video interview.

4.3 Suggestion for Future Research

This research improves our understanding of the types and functions of expressive speech acts during interviews. However, it seems far from perfect. There are some grammatical errors. Therefore, in the future, this research could serve as a reference for research related to speech acts on social media, especially expressive speech acts.

The next researcher can analyze and identify another type of illocutionary speech acts proposed by Searle (1979). Furthermore, the next researcher can analyze the type and function of expressive speech acts in more video interviews and social media.