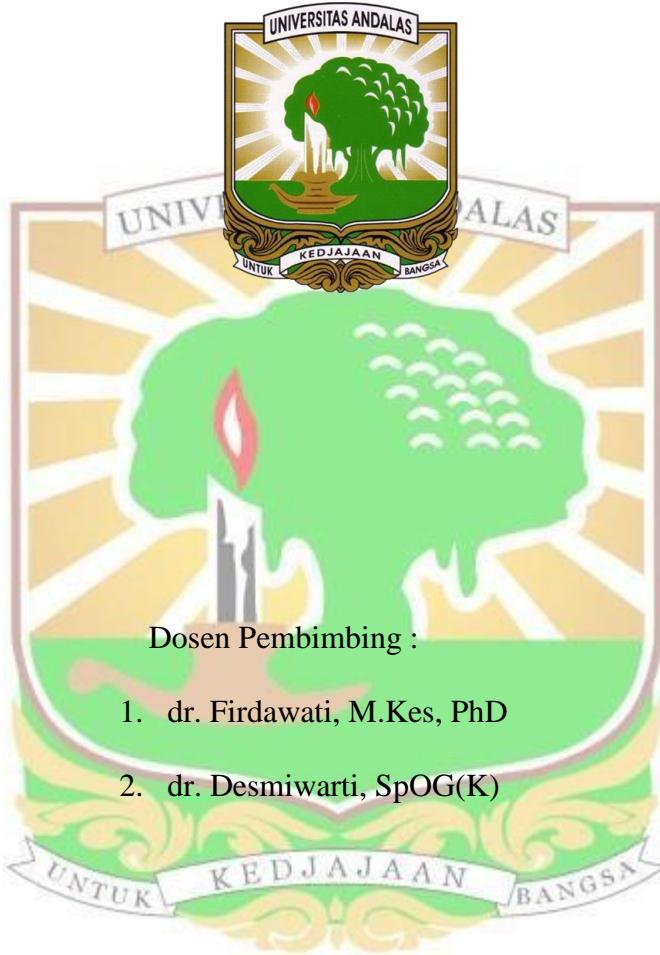


**HUBUNGAN USIA, PARITAS DAN JARAK KEHAMILAN DENGAN  
KADAR HEMOGLOBIN IBU HAMIL TRIMESTER KETIGA  
DI RSIA SITI HAWA PADANG**

Oleh

**BESTY BERLIANA**

No. BP. 1510332011



**PROGRAM STUDI S1 KEBIDANAN  
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**BESTY BERLIANA. No.BP.1510332011  
RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN AGE, PARITY AND PREGNANCY INTERVAL  
WITH HEMOGLOBIN LEVEL OF THIRD SEMESTER PREGNANT WOMAN  
IN RSIA SITI HAWA PADANG**

xix+60 pages, 15 tables, 7 images, 7 attachments

**ABSTRACT**

**Background and Research Purpose**

Hemoglobin level is one of hematological parameters that change during pregnancy. It changes occur due to hemodilution which results decrease of hemoglobin level in pregnancy. Decrease of hemoglobin level is called anemia. Pregnant woman diagnose with anemia if hemoglobin level <11,0 gr/dl specially in late pregnancy. Almost half pregnant woman in the world have anemia. Factors that affect anemia are age, parity and pregnancy interval. The purpose of this research is to know the relationship between age, parity and pregnancy interval with hemoglobin level of third semester pregnant woman in RSIA Siti Hawa Padang.

**Methods**

A Cross sectional study was carried out in RSIA Siti Hawa Padang from February until June 2019. The samples in this research were all medical record of single pregnancy pregnant woman which have hemoglobin level data in third semester in obstetrics and gynecology department of RSIA Siti Hawa Padang from January to December 2018. This research used univariat analysis, bivariat analysis with chi-square test and multivariat analysis with logistic regression analysis.

**Results**

The results of this research showed that 51,4% from 247 pregnant woman have hemoglobin level <11,0 gr/dl (anemia) in third semester. There was a relationship between age ( $p=0,004$ ), parity ( $p=0,007$ ) and pregnancy interval ( $p=0,005$ ) with hemoglobin level of third trimester pregnant woman. Multivariat analysis showed parity was the most dominant factor that affect hemoglobin level of third trimester pregnant woman.

**Conclusion**

There is a relationship between age, parity and pregnancy interval with hemoglobin level of third semester pregnant woman. Parity is the most dominant factor that affect hemoglobin level of third semester pregnant woman

**Bibliography:** 35 (2009-2018)

**Key Words:** Hemoglobin level, anemia, age, parity and pregnancy interval

**PROGRAM STUDI S1 KEBIDANAN  
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**Skripsi, Juni 2019**

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HEMOGLOBIN IBU HAMIL TRIMESTER KETIGA DI RSIA SITI HAWA  
PADANG**

xix+60 halaman, 15 tabel, 7 gambar, 7 lampiran

**ABSTRAK**

**Latar Belakang dan Tujuan Penelitian**

Kadar hemoglobin merupakan salah satu parameter hematologi yang mengalami perubahan pada masa kehamilan. Perubahan tersebut terjadi akibat hemodilusi yang mengakibatkan penurunan kadar hemoglobin dalam kehamilan. Penurunan kadar hemoglobin disebut dengan anemia. Seorang yang hamil didiagnosa anemia bila kadar hemoglobinya  $<11,0$  gr/dl terutama pada akhir kehamilan. Hampir separuh dari seluruh ibu hamil di dunia mengalami anemia. Berbagai faktor yang mempengaruhi anemia antara lain faktor usia, paritas dan jarak kehamilan. Tujuan penelitian ini adalah untuk mengetahui hubungan usia, paritas dan jarak kehamilan dengan kadar hemoglobin ibu hamil trimester ketiga di RSIA Siti Hawa Padang.

**Metode**

Penelitian *cross sectional* dilakukan di RSIA Siti Hawa Padang dari bulan Februari 2019 sampai bulan Juni 2019. Sampel dari penelitian ini adalah seluruh *medical record* ibu hamil yang terdapat data pemeriksaan kadar hemoglobin pada trimester ketiga dengan kehamilan tunggal di bagian Obstetri dan Ginekologi RSIA Siti Hawa Padang periode Januari – Desember 2018. Pada penelitian ini digunakan analisis univariat, analisis bivariat dengan uji *chi-square* dan analisis multivariat dengan analisis regresi logistik.

**Hasil**

Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa 51,4% dari 247 ibu hamil memiliki kadar hemoglobin trimester ketiga  $<11,0$  gr/dl (anemia). Terdapat hubungan antara usia ( $p = 0,004$ ), paritas ( $p = 0,007$ ) dan jarak kehamilan ( $p = 0,005$ ) dengan kadar hemoglobin ibu hamil trimester ketiga. Dari analisis multivariat didapatkan paritas merupakan faktor yang paling dominan berhubungan dengan kadar hemoglobin ibu hamil trimester ketiga.

**Kesimpulan**

Terdapat hubungan yang bermakna antara usia, paritas dan jarak kehamilan dengan kadar hemoglobin ibu hamil trimester ketiga. Paritas merupakan faktor yang paling dominan berhubungan dengan kadar hemoglobin ibu hamil trimester ketiga.

**Daftar Pustaka:** 35 (2009- 2018)

**Kata Kunci:** Kadar hemoglobin, anemia, usia, paritas dan jarak kehamilan.