

**PROFIL SINDROMA TEROWONGAN KARPAL DI INSTALASI  
DIAGNOSTIK TERPADU RSUP DR. M. DJAMIL PADANG  
PERIODE JULI 2017 - JUNI 2018**



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## **ABSTRACT**

### **THE PROFILES OF CARPAL TUNNEL SYNDROME AT INSTALLATION OF INTEGRATED DIAGNOSTIC RSUP. DR. M. DJAMIL PADANG DURING PERIOD OF JULY 2017 UNTIL JUNE 2018**

*By:  
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*Carpal Tunnel Syndrome (CTS) is a collection of symptoms of neurological disorders caused by the entrapment of median nerve in the carpal tunnel of the wrist and often found in daily practice. This study aimed to determine the profiles of CTS at the Installation of Integrated Diagnostic RSUP Dr. M. Djamil Padang during period of july 2017 until june 2018.*

*The study was an observational descriptive study with a retrospective method. The sample in this study were 53 people who were all patients with a diagnosis of CTS who underwent treatment at the Installation of Integrated Diagnostic, Electromyography section of RSUP. Dr. M. Djamil Padang during period of july 2017 until june 2018, by observing all data in the medical record.*

*The results showed that 47 people (88.7%) of 53 CTS patients were female and 6 (11.3%) were male. The largest age group was 51 - 60 years (43.4%). Most of their jobs were housewives (49.1%). The most common type of complaints were numbness, burning, or tingling in the fingers and palms of the hand (94.3%). Tinel's sign (64.3%) and Phalen's test (52.8%) are the positive signs that were often found. The hand side that is most heavily involved and the most severity degree found were bilateral (64.2%) and moderate (41.5%).*

*It can be concluded that CTS mostly found in women specifically housewife within the age group of 51 - 60 years with the most complaints and clinical manifestastion found are numbness, burning, or tingling in the fingers and palms with positive Tinel's sign and mostly bilateral and moderate CTS.*

**Keywords:** carpal tunnel syndrome, profiles of CTS, installation of integrated diagnostic

## **ABSTRAK**

### **PROFIL SINDROMA TEROWONGAN KARPAL DI INSTALASI DIAGNOSTIK TERPADU RSUP DR. M. DJAMIL PADANG PERIODE JULI 2017 - JUNI 2018**

Oleh:  
Fajri Alkarim

Sindroma Terowongan Karpal (STK) merupakan kumpulan gejala gangguan saraf yang diakibatkan oleh terjepitnya saraf medianus di terowongan karpal pada pergelangan tangan dan sering ditemukan pada praktik kehidupan sehari-hari. Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui profil STK di Instalasi Diagnostik Terpadu RSUP Dr. M. Djamil Padang pada periode Juli 2017 - Juni 2018.

Penelitian ini merupakan penelitian deskriptif observasional dengan metode retrospektif. Sampel penelitian diperoleh dari rekam medis pasien dengan cara *total sampling* dengan jumlah sebanyak 53 orang, yaitu semua pasien dengan diagnosis STK yang menjalani pengobatan di Instalasi Diagnostik Terpadu bagian Elektromiografi RSUP Dr. M. Djamil, Padang pada periode Juli 2017 - Juni 2018.

Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa 47 orang (88,7%) dari 53 pasien STK merupakan perempuan dan 6 orang (11,3%) laki-laki. Kelompok umur terbanyak adalah 51 – 60 tahun (43,4%). Pekerjaan terbanyak adalah ibu rumah tangga /IRT (49,1%). Jenis keluhan yang terbanyak ditemukan adalah mati rasa, rasa terbakar, atau kesemutan di jari-jari dan telapak tangan (94,3%). *Tinel's sign* (64,3%) dan *Phalen's test* (52,8%) merupakan tanda positif yang tebanyak dijumpai. Sisi tangan dan derajat keparahan yang terbanyak adalah bilateral (64,2%) dan derajat sedang (41,5%).

Dapat disimpulkan bahwa STK paling banyak ditemukan pada perempuan khususnya ibu rumah tangga dalam kelompok umur 51 - 60 tahun dengan keluhan dan manifestasi klinis terbanyak berupa mati rasa, rasa terbakar, atau kesemutan pada jari dan telapak tangan dengan tanda *Tinel* positif dan sebagian besar STK bilateral dan derajat sedang.

**Kata kunci:** sindroma terowongan karpal, profil STK, instalasi diagnostik terpadu