

REFERENCES

- Aguilar, L and I. Castañeda. 2001. *Fisherwomen, Oceans and Tides: About Fishermen, a Gender Perspective in Marine-Coastal Zones San Jose. Costa Rica*: IUCN. 214 P.
- Akbar, R. 2010. *Prediksi Gempa Sumatera dibenarkan Ahli dari Jepang*. Okenews.<https://news.okezone.com/read/2010/01/22/337/296773> (accessed: 7 Juni 2010).
- Al- Jayyousi, O.R 2001. *Islamic water management and the Dublin Statement*. In Faruqi, N.I., A. K. Biswas, and M. J. Bino. 2001. *Water Management in Islam*. Newyork. UNU Press. PP 33-8.
- Anton, J.D. 1993. *Thirsty Cities, Urban Environments and Water Supply in Latin America*. Ottawa: IDRC. 180 P.
- [BPS] Badan Pusat Statistik Sumatera Barat. 2010. *Sumbar dalam Angka*. Padang. 718 P
- Brooks, D. B. 2006, *An operational definition of water demand management*, *Water Resource. Dev.*, 22(4), 521-528.
- Deare, F. 2004. *A Methodological approach to gender analysis in natural disaster assesment: a guide for Caribbean*. EEPA SERE Mamals No.31. Santiago:: United Nation. 37 P.
- [DFID] Department for International Development. 1999. *Sustainable Livelihoods Guidance Sheets*. Department for International Development. http://www.livelihoods.org/info/info_guidancesheets.html (accessed: 23. July 2009).
- Faruqi, N.I., A. K. Biswas, and M. J. Bino. 2001. *Water Management in Islam*. Newyork. UNU Press. 170 P.
- Hayani. 2012. *Model Mitigasi Bencana di Wilayah Pesisir dengan Pemberdayaan Masyarakat*. 14: 201-212.
- Habtezion, S. 2013. *Gender and Climate Change Asia and the Pacific. Gender and Disaster Reduction*. Newyork. UNDP. 3:1-6.
- Huibers, F. P., O. Moscos, A. Durán and J. B Van Lier. 2004. *The Use of Wastewater in Cochabamba, Bolivia: A Degrading Environment*. London.: CAB International. 135-144.
- Khan, H and A. Khan. 2008. *Natural Hazards And Disaster Management in Pakistan*. MPRA Paper. UTC. No. 11052.
- Krishna, S. 2004. *Livelihood and Gender: Equity in Common Resource*. London and New Delhi: Sage Publication. PP 17-63.

- [NDCC-republic of the Philippines] National Disaster Coordinating Council- Republic of the Philippines. 2005. Natural Disaster Risk Management In The Philippines: Enhancing Poverty Alleviation Through Disaster Reduction. Philippines. The World Bank East and Pacific Rural development. 83 P
- Pay, D et al. 2010. Wastewater Irrigation And health Assessing and Mitigating Risk in Low-income Countries. London: IWMI. 403 P.
- Silverstein, M. L. 2008. Guidelines for Gender-Sensitive Disaster Management by Asia Pacific Forum on Women, Law and Development A Revolutionary Document, Reproductive Health Matters, 16:31, 153-158.

