

**HUBUNGAN KUALITAS PELAYANAN ANTENATAL CARE DENGAN
STATUS GIZI IBU HAMIL TRIMESTER III DI WILAYAH KERJA
PUSKESMAS LUBUK BUAYA KOTA PADANG TAHUN 2018**

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**RELATIONSHIP OF THE ANTENATAL CARE SERVICE QUALITY WITH
NUTRITIONAL STATUS OF THIRD TRISEMESTER PREGNANT MOTHERS
IN THE WORKING AREAS OF PUSKESMAS LUBUK BUAYA, PADANG CITY,
2018**

XX+ 101 pages, 15 tables, 4 pictures, 11 appendices



ABSTRACT

Background and Objectives

The ANC service aims to fulfill the right of every pregnant mother to get quality services so that she is able to undergo a healthy pregnancy, deliver safely and give birth to a healthy baby. The quality of ANC services provided will affect the health of pregnant mothers, especially nutrition in pregnancy and fetus. In Puskesmas Lubuk Buaya, from 73% of pregnant women who got quality ANC, 45,4% of these pregnant mothers experienced malnutrition. The purpose of this study was to determine the relationship between the quality of Antenatal Care services and the nutritional status of third trimester pregnant mothers in the working area of the Puskesmas Lubuk Buaya.

Method

Analytical research with cross-sectional design was carried out in the working area of the Puskesmas Lubuk Buaya from October 2018 to November 2018. The sample in this study was third trimester pregnant mothers with 51 people. Mothers as respondents were interviewed directly by using a questionnaire and weighing was carried out. Data analysis was carried out by univariate and bivariate using chi-square analysis ($p \leq 0,05$).

Results

The results of this study indicate the percentage of mothers with good nutritional status of 74,5%. The results of the chi-square analysis obtained a p-value between the nutritional status of third trimester pregnant mothers and the quality of Antenatal Care services ($p = 0,00$). There is a significant relationship between the quality of Antenatal Care services and the nutritional status of third trimester pregnant mothers.

Conclusion

The quality of Antenatal Care services affects nutritional status of third trimester pregnant mothers.

Bibliography : 44 (2004-2017)

Keywords : Quality of Antenatal care service, nutritional status, malnutrition

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XX+ 101 Halaman, 15 tabel, 4 gambar, 11 lampiran

ABSTRAK

Latar Belakang dan Tujuan Penelitian

Pelayanan ANC bertujuan untuk memenuhi hak setiap ibu hamil dalam mendapatkan pelayanan yang berkualitas sehingga mampu menjalani kehamilan yang sehat, bersalin dengan selamat dan melahirkan bayi yang sehat. Kualitas pelayanan ANC yang diberikan akan mempengaruhi kesehatan ibu hamil terutama gizi dalam kehamilan dan janinnya. Di Puskesmas Lubuk Buaya dari 73% ibu hamil yang mendapatkan ANC berkualitas 45,4% ibu hamil tersebut mengalami malnutrisi. Tujuan penelitian ini adalah untuk mengetahui hubungan kualitas pelayanan *Antenatal care* dengan status gizi ibu hamil trimester III di wilayah kerja Puskesmas Lubuk Buaya.

Metode

Penelitian analitik dengan desain *cross sectional*, dilakukan di wilayah kerja Puskesmas Lubuk Buaya dari bulan Oktober 2018 sampai bulan November 2018. Sampel dalam penelitian ini adalah ibu hamil trimester III sebanyak 51 orang. Ibu sebagai responden diwawancarai secara langsung dengan menggunakan kuesioner dan dilakukan penimbangan berat badan. Analisis data dilakukan secara univariat dan bivariat dengan menggunakan analisis *chi-square* ($p \leq 0,05$).

Hasil

Hasil penelitian ini menunjukkan persentase ibu dengan status gizi baik sebesar 74,5%. Hasil analisis *chi-square* didapatkan nilai p antara status gizi ibu hamil trimester III dan kualitas pelayanan *Antenatal care* ($p=0,00$), terdapat hubungan yang bermakna antara kualitas pelayanan *antenatal care* dengan status gizi ibu hamil trimester III.

Kesimpulan

Kualitas pelayanan *Antenatal care* mempengaruhi status gizi ibu hamil trimester III.

Daftar Pustaka : 44 (2004-2017)

Kata Kunci : Kualitas Pelayanan ANC, status gizi, malnutrisi