



UNIVERSITAS ANDALAS

**FAKTOR-FAKTOR YANG BERHUBUNGAN DENGAN  
KESELAMATAN PASIEN DI PUSKESMAS PONED  
SUKAMENANTI KABUPATEN PASAMAN  
BARAT TAHUN 2018**

Oleh :

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**FAKULTAS KESEHATAN MASYARAKAT  
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PADANG, 2018**



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Diajukan Sebagai Salah Satu Syarat Untuk Mendapatkan  
Gelar Sarjana Kesehatan Masyarakat

**FAKULTAS KESEHATAN MASYARAKAT  
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**FAKULTAS KESEHATAN MASYARAKAT  
UNIVERSITAS ANDALAS**

**Skripsi, Maret 2018**

**ERA AFRIANI, NO. BP. 1511216065**

**FAKTOR-FAKTOR YANG BERHUBUNGAN DENGAN KESELAMATAN  
PASIEN DI PUSKESMAS PONED SUKAMENANTI DI KABUPATEN  
PASAMAN BARAT TAHUN 2018**

**xi + 110 halaman, 36 tabel, 2 gambar, 6 lampiran**

**ABSTRAK**

**Tujuan Penelitian**

Keselamatan pasien di Puskesmas PONED Sukamenanti mempunyai angka insiden tertinggi dibandingkan puskesmas PONED lainnya di Pasaman Barat. Penelitian bertujuan mengetahui faktor-faktor yang berhubungan dengan keselamatan pasien di Puskesmas PONED Sukamenanti Pasaman Barat tahun 2018.

**Metode**

Jenis penelitian kuantitatif dengan desain *Cross Sectional Study*. Sampel sebanyak 45 orang staf puskesmas Sukamenanti dengan teknik *Total Sampling*. Pengumpulan data menggunakan kuesioner dengan cara angket. Analisis data menggunakan univariat dan bivariat.

**Hasil**

Hasil penelitian didapatkan lebih dari separuh (51,1%) keselamatan pasien di puskesmas sukamenanti baik, kepemimpinan baik (53,3%), kebijakan baik (51,1%), deteksi insiden baik (66,7%), mitigasi baik (55,6%), kepuasan pasien baik (62,2%), komitmen pasien baik (55,6%), risk grading baik (57,8%), RCA dan FMEA baik (55,6%), beban kerja staf baik (53,3%), komitmen staf baik (64,4%), dan audit internal baik (57,8%). Dari hasil uji statistik yang memiliki hubungan bermakna dengan keselamatan pasien di puskesmas Sukamenanti yaitu Kepemimpinan ( $p=0,05$ ), kebijakan ( $p=0,03$ ), mitigasi ( $p=0,03$ ), Risk grading ( $p=0,002$ ), RCA dan FMEA ( $p=0,03$ ), komitmen staf ( $p=0,0001$ ) dan audit internal ( $p=0,002$ ). Variabel yang tidak berhubungan dengan keselamatan pasien di Puskesmas Sukamenanti adalah deteksi insiden ( $p=0,17$ ), kepuasan pasien ( $p=0,91$ ), komitmen pasien ( $p=0,67$ ) dan beban kerja staf ( $p=1$ ).

**Kesimpulan**

Terdapat hubungan keselamatan pasien dengan kepemimpinan, kebijakan, mitigasi, Risk grading, RCA dan FMEA, komitmen staf dan audit internal di Puskesmas Sukamenanti Tahun 2018. Saran untuk Puskesmas yaitu agar lebih memperhatikan pelayanan kepada pasien, melakukan pelatihan dan pemantauan staf dalam melaksanakan tugas serta melakukan evaluasi berkelanjutan terkait keselamatan pasien.

**Daftar Pustaka : 31 (1993-2017)**

**Kata Kunci : Keselamatan Pasien, Puskesmas, PONED**

**FACULTY OF PUBLIC HEALTH  
ANDALAS UNIVERSITY  
Undergraduate Thesis, March 2018**

**ERA AFRIANI, No. BP 1511216065**

**FACTORS RELATED TO PATIENT SAFETY IN PUSKESMAS PONED  
SUKAMENANTI, WEST PASAMAN DISTRICT 2018**

**xi + 110 pages, 36 tables, 2 pictures, 6 appendices**

**ABSTRACT**

**Objective**

Incidence of patient safety in primary health (community health center) BENOC (Basic Emergency Neonatal Obstetric Care / BENOC) Sukamenanti was highest than another primary health BENOC in West Pasaman District. The aim of this research was to determine factors that related to patient safety in Puskesmas PONED Sukamenanti in West Pasaman 2018.

**Method**

Type of the research was quantitative with Cross Sectional study design. Number of sample was 45 respondents of primary health Sukamenanti staff and sampling technique was total sampling. Data collection using questionnaires, and data was analyzed analysis using univariate and bivariate.

**Result**

The result of research showed that more than half of patient safety in Puskesmas Sukamenanti was good (51,1%), good leadership was 53,3%, good policy was 51,1%, 66,7% detection of incidence was good, good mitigation was 55,6%, good patient satisfaction was 62,2%, good patient commitment was 55,6%, good risk grading was 57,8%, good RCA and FMEA was 55,6%, good staff workload was 53,3%, good staff commitment was 64,4%, and good internal audit was 57,8%. Based on statistical test there were significant relationship between patient safety in Puskesmas Sukamenanti and leadership ( $p=0,05$ ), policy ( $p=0,03$ ), mitigation ( $p=0,03$ ), risk grading ( $p=0,002$ ), RCA and FMEA ( $p=0,03$ ), staff commitment ( $p=0,0001$ ), and internal audit ( $p=0,002$ ). There were no significant relationship between patient safety in Sukamenanti primary health with incidence detection ( $p=0,17$ ), patient satisfaction ( $p=0,91$ ), patient commitment ( $p=0,67$ ), and staff workload ( $p=1$ ).

**Conclusion**

There were relationship between patient safety with leadership, policy, mitigation, risk grading, RCA and FMEA, staff commitment, and internal audit in Puskesmas Sukamenanti in 2018. Sukamenanti primary health should pay more attention to the patient service, conduct training and monitoring staff in carrying out duties and conduct continuous evaluation related to patient safety.

**Reference : 31 (1993-2017)**

**Key words : Patient safety, Puskesmas, PONED**