

Daftar pustaka

- Ahmed, Waqas., Khalid Zaman, et al. 2013. Economic growth and energy consumption nexus in Pakistan. *South Asian Journal of Global Business Research* Vol. 2 No. 2, 251-275.
- Ajmi, Ahdi Noomen, Ghassen El Montasser, dan Duc Khuong Nguyen. 2013. Testing the relationships between energy consumption and income in G7 countries with nonlinear causality tests. *Economic Modelling* 35, 126–133.
- Akpinar, A., 2013. The contribution of hydropower in meeting electric energy needs: The case of Turkey. *Renewable Energy* 51, 206-219
- Al-mulali, Usama., Abdul Hakim Mohammed. 2015. The relationship between energy consumption and GDP in emerging countries. *International Journal of Energy Sector Management* Vol. 9 No. 1, 77-93.
- Alter, N., Syed, S.H., 2011. An empirical analysis of electricity demand in Pakistan. *International Journal of Energy Economics and Policy* 1(4), 116–139.
- Arsyad, Lincolin. (1999). *Pengantar perencanaan dan pembangunan ekonomi daerah*. BPFE Yogyakarta.
- Azam, Muhammad, Abdul Qayyum Khan, B. Bakhtyar, dan Chandra Emirullah. 2015. The causal relationship between energy consumption and economic growth in the ASEAN-5 countries. *Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews* 47, 732–745.
- Azlina, A.A., Nik Hashim Nik Mustapha. 2012. Energy, Economic Growth and Pollutant Emissions Nexus: The case of Malaysia. *Procedia - Social and Behavioral Sciences* 65, 1 – 7.
- Bank Indonesia . 2001. *Laporan Tahunan Bank Indonesia 2001*. Jakarta: Bank Indonesia.

Bank Indonesia . 2002. *Laporan Tahunan Bank Indonesia 2002*. Jakarta: Bank Indonesia.

Bank Indonesia . 2003. *Laporan Perekonomian Indonesia 2003*. Jakarta: Bank Indonesia.

Bank Indonesia . 2004. *Laporan Perekonomian Indonesia 2004*. Jakarta: Bank Indonesia.

Bank Indonesia . 2005. *Laporan Perekonomian Indonesia 2005*. Jakarta: Bank Indonesia.

Bank Indonesia . 2006. *Laporan Perekonomian Indonesia 2006*. Jakarta: Bank Indonesia.

Bank Indonesia . 2007. *Laporan Perekonomian Indonesia 2007*. Jakarta: Bank Indonesia.

Bank Indonesia . 2008. *Laporan Perekonomian Indonesia 2008*. Jakarta: Bank Indonesia.

Bank Indonesia . 2009. *Laporan Perekonomian Indonesia 2009*. Jakarta: Bank Indonesia.

Bank Indonesia . 2010. *Laporan Perekonomian Indonesia 2010*. Jakarta: Bank Indonesia.

Bank Indonesia . 2011. *Laporan Perekonomian Indonesia 2011*. Jakarta: Bank Indonesia.

Bank Indonesia . 2012. *Laporan Perekonomian Indonesia 2012*. Jakarta: Bank Indonesia.

Bank Indonesia . 2013. *Laporan Perekonomian Indonesia 2013*. Jakarta: Bank Indonesia.



Bank Indonesia . 2014. *Laporan Perekonomian Indonesia 2014*. Jakarta: Bank Indonesia.

Bank Indonesia . 2015. *Laporan Perekonomian Indonesia 2015*. Jakarta: Bank Indonesia.

Bank Indonesia . 2016. *Laporan Perekonomian Indonesia 2016*. Jakarta: Bank Indonesia.

Barkelmans, L. 2005. Credit and monetary policy: an Australian svar. *Research Discussion Paper 2005, Reserve Bank of Australia*.

BPPT. Outlook Energi Indonesia 2016. Jakarta, 2016.

Enders, W. 2004. *Applied econometrics time series* (2nd Ed.). John Willey & Sons : New York.

Glasure, Yong U., Aie-Rie Lee. 1997. Cointegration, error-correction, and the relationship between GDP and energy: The case of South Korea and Singapore. *Resource and Energy Economics* 20, 17–25.

James, Michael. 2001. *Pembangunan Ekonomi di Dunia Ketiga*, Jakarta: Ghalia.

Kaygusuz, K., 2002. Sustainable Development of Hydroelectric Power. *Energy Sources* 24, 803–815

Kementerian ESDM. *Handbook of Energy & Economic Statistic of Indonesia*. Jakarta, 2016.

Kementerian ESDM. *Handbook of Energy & Economic Statistic of Indonesia*. Jakarta, 2017.

Luthkepohl, et al. 2006. *VAR Analysis in Jmulti*. New York : Springer

MacKinnon, J. G., 1993. Approximate asymptotic distribution function for unit root ang cointegration test. *Journal of Bussiness ang Economics Statistic*, (861).

- Mankiw, N. G., 2008. *Macroekonomi* (6th ed.). (I. Nurmawan, Terjemahan). Jakarta: Erlangga.
- Mielnik, O., Goldemberg, J., 2002. Foreign direct investment and decoupling between energy and gross domestic production in developing countries. *Energy Policy* 30, 87–89.
- Muhammad Azam, Abdul Qayyum Khan, Khalid Zaman, dan Mehboob Ahmad. 2015. Factors determining energy consumption: Evidence from Indonesia, Malaysia and Thailand. *Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews* 42, 1123–1131.
- Narayana, Seema., Nadia Doytch. 2017. An investigation of Renewable and Non-renewable Energy Consumption and Economic Growth Nexus using Industrial and Residential Energy Consumption. *Energy Economics*.
- Nelson, C. & Plosser, C., 1982. Trends and random walks in macroeconomics time series: some evidence and implications. *Journal of Monetary Economics*. 10, 130-162
- Reksohadiprodjo, Sukanto, 1988. *Ekonomi Sumberdaya Alam dan Energi*. Yogyakarta:BPFE
- Sbia, R., Muhammad Shahbaz, dan Helmi Hamdi. 2014. A contribution of foreign direct investment, clean energy, trade openness, carbon emissions and economic growth to energy demand in UAE. *Economic Modelling* 36, 191-197
- Shi, A. 2001. *Population Growth and Global Carbon Dioxide Emissions*. Development Research Group The World Bank
- Sims, C. A., Stock, J. H., & Watson, M. W., 1990. Inference in linear time series models with some unit roots, *Econometrica*, 58(1), 113-144

Stern, David I., 2003, Energy and Economics Growth, New York:Department of Economics, Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute.

Todaro, M.P., dan Smith, S.C. 2006. Pembangunan Ekonomi. Jakarta: Erlangga.

Verbeek, M. 2000. A Guide to Modern Economics. John Wilwy & Sons, Ltd. Erasmus University Rotterdam.

Wei, Song Zan Chiou, Ching-Fu Chen, dan Zhen Zhu. 2008. Economic growth and energy consumption revisited—Evidence from linear and nonlinear Granger causality. *Energy Economics* 30, 3063–3076.

