



UNIVERSITAS ANDALAS

**FAKTOR YANG BERHUBUNGAN DENGAN KEMAUAN MASYARAKAT  
UMUM DALAM MENGIKUTI PROGRAM VAKSINASI BOOSTER  
PERTAMA DI KOTA PADANG TAHUN 2022**



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**FAKULTAS KESEHATAN MASYARAKAT  
UNIVERSITAS ANDALAS  
PADANG, 2023**

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**Skripsi, Juli 2023  
RANIA SALSABILA**

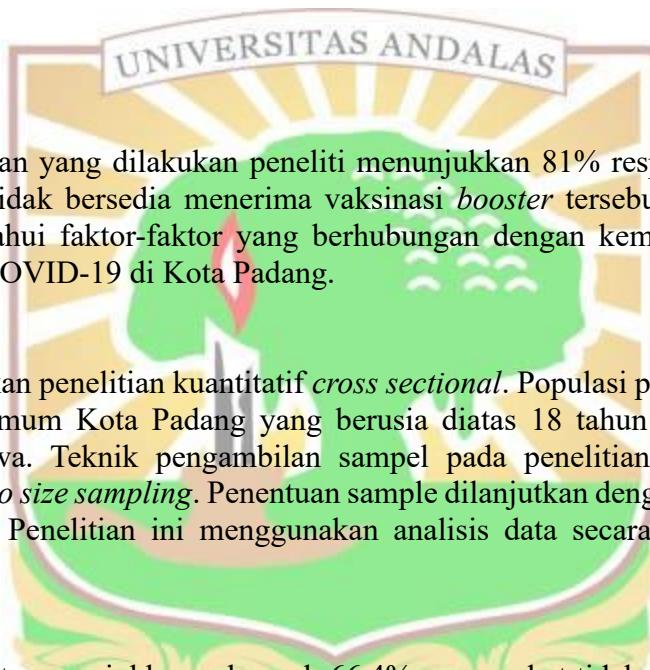
**FAKTOR YANG BERHUBUNGAN DENGAN KEMAUAN MASYARAKAT UMUM DALAM MENGIKUTI PROGRAM VAKSINASI *BOOSTER* PERTAMA DI KOTA PADANG TAHUN 2022**

xii + 109 halaman, 53 Tabel, 2 gambar, 8 lampiran

**ABSTRAK**

**Tujuan Penelitian**

Hasil studi pendahuluan yang dilakukan peneliti menunjukkan 81% responden dari masyarakat umum Kota Padang tidak bersedia menerima vaksinasi *booster* tersebut. Tujuan penelitian ini adalah untuk mengetahui faktor-faktor yang berhubungan dengan kemauan masyarakat untuk mengikuti vaksinasi COVID-19 di Kota Padang.



**Metode**

Penelitian ini merupakan penelitian kuantitatif *cross sectional*. Populasi pada penelitian ini adalah seluruh masyarakat umum Kota Padang yang berusia diatas 18 tahun dan dibawah 60 tahun sebanyak 518.709 jiwa. Teknik pengambilan sampel pada penelitian ini adalah *probability proportional random to size sampling*. Penentuan sample dilanjutkan dengan menggunakan teknik *Accidental Sampling*. Penelitian ini menggunakan analisis data secara univariat, bivariat dan multivariat.

**Hasil**

Hasil analisis univariat menunjukkan sebanyak 66,4% masyarakat tidak mau mengikuti program vaksin *booster* COVID-19. Hasil analisis bivariat diperoleh variabel pengetahuan ( $p\text{-value} = 0,021$ ), kecemasan ( $p\text{-value} = 0,009$ ), dan kepercayaan ( $p\text{-value} = 0,003$ ) memiliki hubungan yang signifikan terhadap kemauan mengikuti program vaksin *booster* COVID-19. Hasil analisis multivariat diperoleh variabel kepercayaan merupakan faktor dengan hubungan paling kuat dengan kemauan masyarakat untuk mengikuti program vaksin *booster* COVID-19

**Kesimpulan**

Tingkat pengetahuan, kecemasan, dan kepercayaan berhubungan dengan kemauan masyarakat untuk mengikuti vaksin *booster* COVID-19 di Kota Padang. Dalam upaya meningkatkan kemauan masyarakat, diharapkan pemerintah menggencarkan program edukasi dan sosialisasi untuk meningkatkan kesadaran mengenai pentingnya vaksin *booster* COVID-19.

- Daftar Pustaka** : 100 (1985-2023)  
**Kunci** : masyarakat, kemauan, vaksinasi *booster* COVID-19

**FACULTY OF PUBLIC HEALTH  
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**FACTORS RELATED TO THE WILL OF COMMUNITY TO FOLLOW THE FIRST BOOSTER VACCINATION PROGRAM IN PADANG 2022**

xii + 109 pages, 53 tables, 2 pictures, 8 appendices

**ABSTRACT**

**Research Objective**

Based on data from the Ministry of Health, Padang City has a low achievement target for the COVID-19 booster vaccination for the general public category. The percentage of achievements achieved was only 16.8% of the total target. The results of a preliminary study conducted by researchers showed that 81% of respondents from the general public in Padang City were not willing to accept the termination of the booster. The purpose of this study was to determine the factors related to people's willingness to take part in the COVID-19 vaccination in Padang City.

**Method**

This research is a cross-sectional quantitative study. The population in this study is all the general public of Padang City who are over 18 years old and under 60 years of 518,709 people. The sampling technique in this study was probability proportional random to size sampling. The determination of the sample is continued by using the Accidental Sampling technique. This study was analyzed using univariate, bivariate and multivariate analysis.

**Result**

The results of the univariate analysis showed that 66.4% of the public did not want to take part in the COVID-19 booster vaccine program. Based on the bivariate analysis, it was found that the variables of knowledge, anxiety, and trust had a significant relationship with willingness to take part in the COVID-19 booster vaccine program. Based on the results of the multivariate analysis, it was obtained that the trust variable was the factor that had the strongest relationship with the community's willingness to take part in the COVID-19 booster vaccine program.

**Conclusion**

The level of knowledge, anxiety, and trust is related to people's willingness to take the COVID-19 booster vaccine in Padang City. In an effort to increase public will, it is hoped that the government and health services will improve promotion and education program to raise awareness about the importance of the COVID-19 booster vaccine.

**Bibliography : 100 (1985-2023)**

**Kunci : community, willingness, COVID-19 vaccine booster**