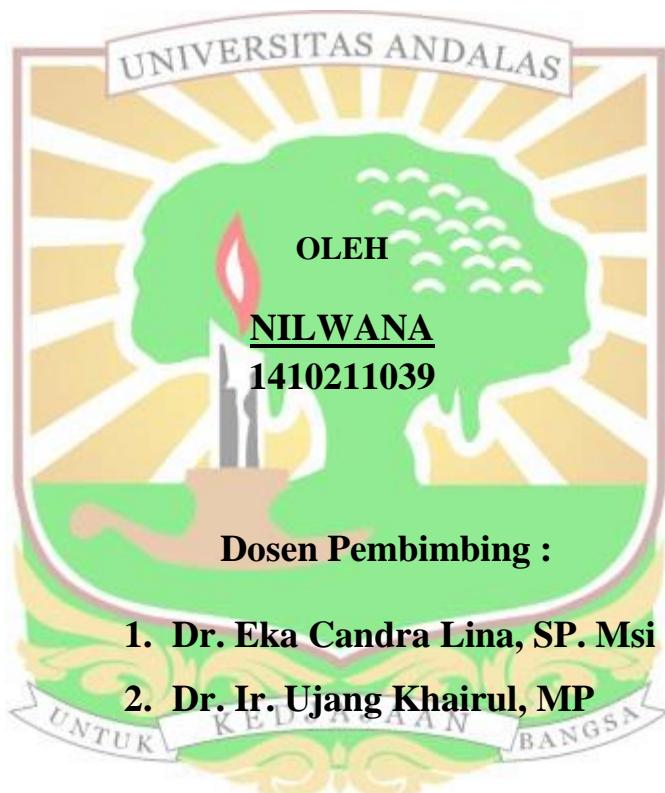


**AKTIVITAS FORMULASI EKSTRAK CAMPURAN SIRIH HUTAN
(*Piper aduncum*) DAN KACANG BABI
(*Tephrosia vogelii*) TERHADAP WERENG BATANG COKLAT
(*Nilaparvata lugens* Stal)**

SKRIPSI



- 1. Dr. Eka Candra Lina, SP. Msi**
- 2. Dr. Ir. Ujang Khairul, MP**



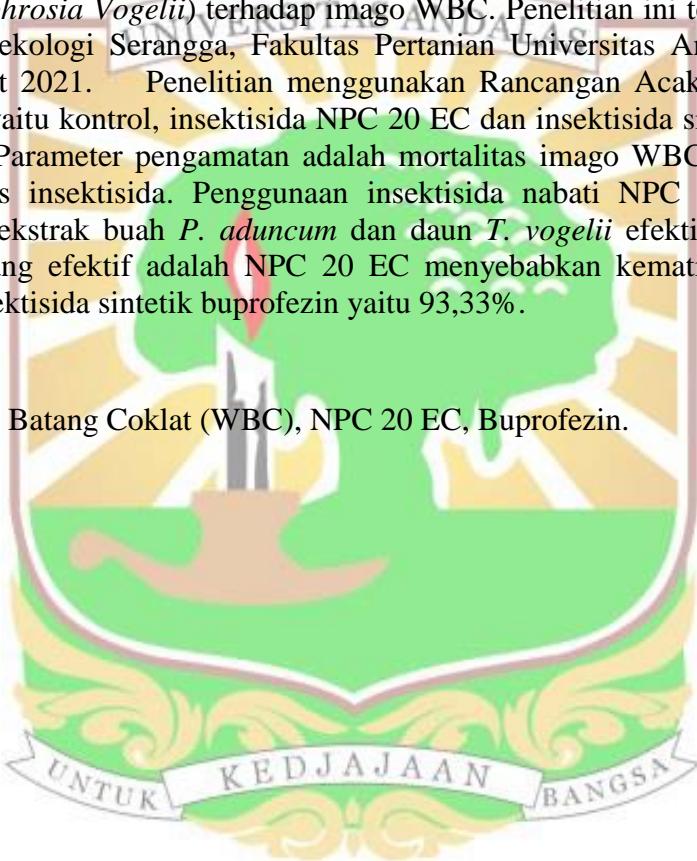
**FAKULTAS PERTANIAN
UNIVERSITAS ANDALAS
PADANG
2023**

**AKTIVITAS FORMULASI EKSTRAK CAMPURAN SIRIH HUTAN
(*Piper aduncum*) DAN KACANG BABI
(*Tephrosia vogelii*) TERHADAP WERENG BATANG COKLAT
(*Nilaparvata lugens* Stal)**

ABSTRAK

Hama utama yang menyerang tanaman padi sebagian besar berasal dari ordo Hemiptera yaitu Wereng Batang Coklat (WBC)/*Nilaparvata lugens*. Tujuan penelitian ini adalah untuk mengetahui aktivitas formulasi ekstrak campuran sirih hutan (*Piper Aduncum*) dan kacang baby (*Tephrosia Vogelii*) terhadap imago WBC. Penelitian ini telah dilaksanakan di Laboratorium Bioekologi Serangga, Fakultas Pertanian Universitas Andalas dari bulan Januari sampai Maret 2021. Penelitian menggunakan Rancangan Acak Lengkap (RAL) dengan 3 perlakuan yaitu kontrol, insektisida NPC 20 EC dan insektisida sintetik buprofezin dengan 10 ulangan. Parameter pengamatan adalah mortalitas imago WBC, populasi imago WBC dan efektivitas insektisida. Penggunaan insektisida nabati NPC 20 EC berbahan formulasi campuran ekstrak buah *P. aduncum* dan daun *T. vogelii* efektif terhadap imago WBC. Insektisida yang efektif adalah NPC 20 EC menyebabkan kematian 84,00% lebih rendah dibanding insektisida sintetik buprofezin yaitu 93,33%.

Kata kunci : Wereng Batang Coklat (WBC), NPC 20 EC, Buprofezin.



ACTIVITY OF MIXTURE OF FOREST BETEL (*Piper aduncum*) AND PIG PEA NUT (*Tephrosia vogelii*) EXTRACT FORMULATION ON THE BROWN PLANTHOPPER (*Nilaparvata lugens* Stal)

ABSTRACT

Most of the main pests that attack rice plants come from the Hemipter order, namely the Brown Stem Planthopper (WBC)/*Nilaparvata lugens*. The purpose of this study was to determine the activity of a mixture of betel nut (*Piper Aduncum*) and pig nuts (*Tephrosia vogelii*) against WBC imago. This research was carried out at the Insect Bioecology Laboratory, Faculty of Agriculture, Andalas University from January to March 2021. The study used a completely randomized design (CRD) with 3 treatments namely control, NPC 20 EC insecticide and synthetic insecticide buprofezine with 10 replication. The observation parameters were WBC imago mortality, WBC imago population and insecticide effectiveness. The use of vegetable insecticides NPC 20 EC made from a mixed formulation of *P. Aduncum* fruit extract and 7 vogelu leaves was effective againsts WBC imago. The effective insecticide is NPC 20 EC causing 84,00% lower mortality than synthetic insecticide buprofezin which is 93,33%.

Keywords : Brown Planthopper (WBC), NPC 20 EC, Buprofezin.

