Chapter IV

Conclusion

4.1 Conclusion

This research is to find out the dominant type of process by the writer of the article text sports news about the dramatic finish by Lewis Hamilton the winner of the race F1 British Grand Prix from two famous sources BBC news and ABCnews. It is also about how the process type, participant functions, and circumstantial elements that could depict the intentions of the writer of the article. The data of the research are the article text written by BBCnews and ABCnews reporter.

The result of the analysis showed there are 227 types of processes that occur in the two article texts. The most used type of process is the material process with the percentage of occurance is 114 times (55.22%), and followed by mental process 41 times occurrence, then relational process 39 occurrence times, verbal process 15 times occurrence, existential 9 times occurrence, and the least type of process occur is behavioral process is 5 times occurrence.

The most dominant process type in the A1 or the first source of the data (BBC news) is Material Process (50.31%) and the least occurrence is a behavioral process (2.5%). In the A2 or the second source of the data the most dominant type of process is also material process (50%) and the least occurrence is also behavioral process (1.4%).

The researcher expects that before the analysis is conducted, the most dominant type of process that will occurs is the verbal process. But after the researcher did the analysis, the most dominant type of process that occurs is the material process. The writer of these two source of data tend to use the material process to describe the experience of the racer to finish the race with some malfunctions of the tires. It shows how the highest type of process frequency of occurrence is material process in the two article. The occurrence of the material process in these two articles indicates the struggle of the racer to finish the race despite some of the problem occur during the race.

4.2 Suggestions

This study would like to give suggestions for those who will involve in this study for the better in the future. Hopefully, the learners need more concerned about how to present the meaning in a text effectively by learning not only ideational meaning but also interpersonal meaning and textual meaning.

For the next researcher, they might be more concerned to emerge the new ideology of analyzing a news text, since this study only focuses on the occurrence of ideational meaning in the headline news text so it is possible that there are many lacking points in the explanation of the data and the theory. And the researcher hoped that the analysis of the same issue is conducted to improve the learners' and the next researcher's attention to transitivity analysis of the written text.

